

REPUBLICANS SWEEP COUNTRY

The Figures in Electoral College Will Total
Roosevelt 225, Parker 151.

THE SOUTH WAS SOLID FOR PARKER

All Doubtful States Lined Up in the Republican Column—
National Ticket Has Largest Popular
Vote Ever Given.

ELECTORAL VOTES BY STATES.

| Rep. | Dem. |
|----------------|---------|
| Alabama | 11 |
| Arkansas | 9 |
| California | 10 |
| Colorado | 5 |
| Connecticut | 7 |
| Delaware | 3 |
| Florida | 5 |
| Georgia | 13 |
| Idaho | 3 |
| Illinois | 27 |
| Indiana | 15 |
| Iowa | 13 |
| Kansas | 10 |
| Kentucky | 13 |
| Louisiana | 9 |
| Maine | 6 |
| Maryland | 8 |
| Massachusetts | 16 |
| Michigan | 14 |
| Minnesota | 11 |
| Mississippi | 10 |
| Missouri | 15 |
| Montana | 3 |
| Nebraska | 8 |
| Nevada | 3 |
| New Hampshire | 12 |
| New Jersey | 12 |
| New York | 39 |
| North Carolina | 12 |
| North Dakota | 4 |
| Oak | 23 |
| Oregon | 4 |
| Pennsylvania | 34 |
| Rhode Island | 4 |
| South Carolina | 9 |
| South Dakota | 4 |
| Tennessee | 12 |
| Texas | 18 |
| Utah | 3 |
| Vermont | 4 |
| Virginia | 12 |
| Washington | 5 |
| West Virginia | 7 |
| Wisconsin | 13 |
| Wyoming | 3 |
| Totals | 325 151 |

Washington, Nov. 9.—The national election developed the greatest Republican landslide and most crushing Democratic defeat since 1872, when President Grant cut the electoral vote of Horace Greeley to 80.

Theodore Roosevelt and Charles Warren Fairbanks will receive for president and vice-president respectively the largest electoral vote ever cast for a national ticket.

Roosevelt carried New York by upward of 185,000, and Frank W. Higgins, the Republican gubernatorial candidate, will beat D. Cady Herlick, the Democratic nominee, by 15,000 plurality. The Republicans have carried both branches of the general assembly in the Empire state and have gained five congressmen.

Entire North for Roosevelt.

Judge Parker did not carry a single northern state, and Democratic pluralities were cut in the "solid south." Indiana has gone Republican by 70,000 and Republicans control both branches of the legislature.

Roosevelt carried Wisconsin by 100,000 and La Follette has been re-elected for a third term as governor.

Republicans have swept the country in the congressional as well as the presidential election. They will have the overwhelming majority of eighty or more in the house of representatives in the Fifty-ninth congress.

With doubt existing as to the result in some close districts, the membership of the next house will consist of 234 Republicans and 152 Democrats. The Republican majority in the present house is thirty, the Democrats 178.

The senate will consist of 56 Republicans and 34 Democrats, giving the Republicans a majority of 22 in the upper branch, two less than in the Fifty-eighth congress.

Make Big Gains.

Throughout the entire country the Republicans held their own in the normally Republican districts, carried most of those districts about which there had been genuine doubt, and made great gains in unexpected places, with the probability of success in several such districts when the revised figures are at hand.

The most notable case of defeat for a party leader in congress is that of William S. Cowherd of Missouri, chairman of the Democratic congressional committee. His Republican opponent in the Kansas City district, Edward C. Ellis, has a plurality of 1,500. The personnel of the leaders on the Republican side will remain practically the same in the next congress as in the present. The re-election of Joseph G. Cannon as speaker of the house is assured, and the make-up of the com-

mittees is not likely to undergo any serious change. J. W. Babcock of Wisconsin, chairman of the Republican congressional committee, is re-elected by a plurality of less than 1,000.

The greatest gains by the Republicans were made in New York state, five of these gains being in New York city districts. In the present house the New York delegation consists of twenty Republicans and seventeen Democrats, while in the next house it will consist of twenty-six Republicans and eleven Democrats. In Pennsylvania the Republicans make a gain of two, in Massachusetts they gain one and in New Jersey two.

In the far west there are still further marked changes in the congressional field, California sending a solid Republican delegation. In Maryland they gain at least one. The Democrats gain one in West Virginia, but the solid south is broken in to once more in Missouri, which will send three Republicans instead of one to the next congress.

Summary of States.

A partial summary of the results in the various states follows:

Alabama—Democratic majority, 50,000. Party carries every congressional district.

Arkansas—Democratic plurality, 40,000. All Democratic congressional candidates are chosen.

Colorado—Roosevelt by 5,000. State ticket Democratic by 8,000.

Connecticut—Roosevelt sweeps the state, his plurality being estimated at 25,000. The state ticket is also elected by almost as much.

Delaware—Roosevelt carries the state by about 5,000 plurality. Republicans also elect the congressmen and state ticket. It is claimed Addicks controls the legislature.

Florida—Democratic majority, 25,000. All state officers elected. Every Democratic congressional candidate elected.

Georgia—Democratic plurality 45,000; state solidly Democratic. Eleven Democratic congressmen chosen.

Idaho—Roosevelt is conceded to have carried Idaho by 10,000. Gooding, Republican candidate for governor, is slightly behind.

Iowa—Roosevelt's election is assured by 140,000 plurality.

Kentucky—Parker's plurality in Kentucky is placed by both parties at between 12,000 and 14,000.

Kansas—Republican; estimated at midnight to be near 100,000.

Louisiana—Majority for Parker, 35,000. Solid Democratic ticket elected. Seven Democratic congressmen chosen.

Maine—Republican majority 25,000 (national election only).

Maryland—The indications are that the state has gone Republican. The vote, however, is close, and it may take the official count to decide.

Massachusetts—For governor, Douglas, Democrat, majority, 20,000. Republican majority for president, nearly 100,000; congressmen; Republican, 10 or 11; Democratic, 3 or 4.

Minnesota—Republican; plurality, more than 100,000; far beyond McKinley's margin. Republican state ticket elected.

Mississippi—Fifty thousand majority for Parker. State solidly Democratic. Eight congressmen elected.

Missouri—The state is in doubt, with both parties claiming a victory for state and national tickets.

Nebraska—Republican; plurality, 45,000. Democrats claim gain on state ticket.

Nevada—It is conceded that President Roosevelt has carried Nevada by 3,000. The Republican state ticket is in the lead.

New Jersey—Roosevelt carries the state by a majority estimated at 56,000. E. C. Stokes, Republican candidate for governor, has a majority of 20,000. The legislature remains Republican, and eight Republican and two Democratic congressmen are chosen.

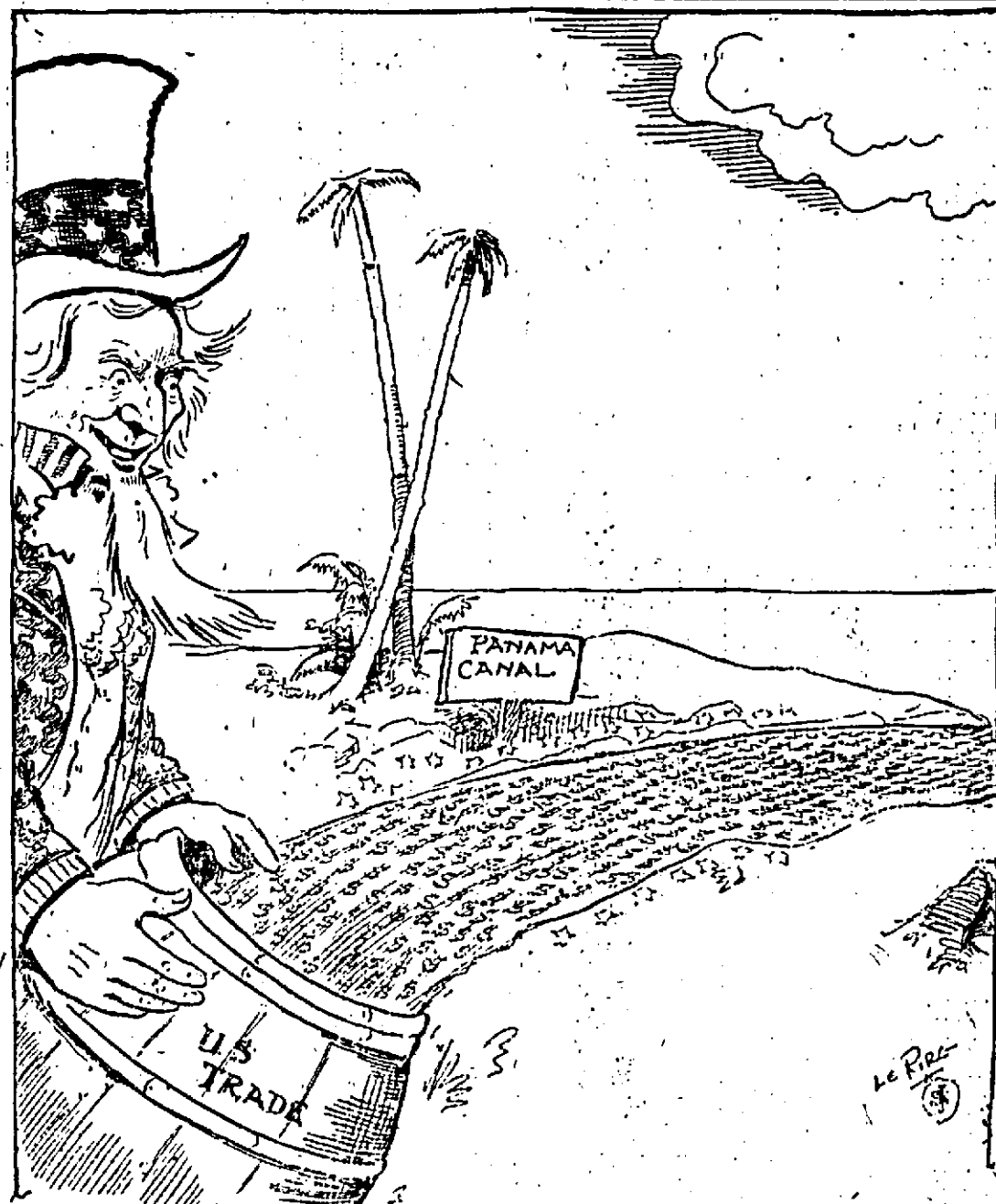
New Hampshire—Republican majorities from 12,000 to 20,000. Party carries legislature.

North Carolina—Fifty thousand Democratic majority. State ticket solidly Democratic. Ten Democratic congressmen said to be elected, though Republicans claim Eighth and Tenth.

Ohio—Roosevelt's plurality will exceed any ever given a candidate for president, being estimated at more than 100,000.

Pennsylvania—275,000 Republican majority. Party sweeps entire state. Elects twenty-nine Republican and three Democratic congressmen.

(Continued on Page 8.)



A VOICE FROM THE FUTURE.
Uncle Sam—Thanks, Mr. Roosevelt, when this canal gets to running it will mean barrels of money to me.

LA FOLLETTE ELECTED

Carries the State, According to the Latest Reports, by Thirty-Eight Thousand—Ran Behind the National Ticket.

(Special to The Gazette.)

Madison, Nov. 9.—The La Follette people claim fifty-eight assemblymen and eighteen senators, without counting stalwarts or democrats, giving control of both houses of the legislature and majority of nine on joint ballot.

Whitehead's election is a disappointment to the halfbreed officials. Governor La Follette says it looks like sixty-five thousand plurality and may go to seventy-five thousand. Connors predicted that figure.

Another Report

Madison, Nov. 9.—La Follette carries Wisconsin by 45,000 plurality, running behind the national ticket by 50,000. The legislature will be republican on joint ballot, but Senator Quarles is doomed.

Congressman Babcock, who fought La Follette, is perfectly in the lead. On the face of the returns he has only a plurality of eighteen votes. This may be reversed.

Milwaukee, Wis., Nov. 9.—President Roosevelt carried Wisconsin by about 100,000 and Governor La Follette has been re-elected. At first it was thought

the Republicans might lose on congressional by the election of Victor L. Berger, Socialist, in the Fifth district. Later returns, however, indicate the re-election of Stafford, Republican, in the Fifth district, giving the Republicans ten congressmen in the state, the same representation they had before.

The Milwaukee end of the Fifth district gave Stafford 3,365 and Berger 2,417. The total vote received by Stafford is 8,480, by Berger, 6,517.

Legislature May Be Deadlocked.

Returns indicate that the next legislature will probably be Republican, but the members will be so divided between the La Follette and stalwart factions that a deadlock is likely to result when the time comes for choosing a United States senator to succeed Joseph V. Quarles.

Wells, (the one Democrat in the Wisconsin congressional delegation, is probably re-elected by 2,000. His district is strongly Democratic. There are few returns in from the Ninth district and the Republicans may lose there by the defeat of Minor. Otjen is re-elected in the Fourth district by over 3,000.

HANLEY GOVERNOR OF INDIANA STATE

Republicans Carry the State by Fifty to Sixty Thousand—Hanley Running Behind Roosevelt.

(Special by Scripps-McLain.)

Indianapolis, Nov. 9.—Returns this morning indicate that the state of Indiana easily went republican by fifty thousand plurality and may reach seventy-five thousand. The republicans gained two members in congress, carrying the second and twelfth districts. Hanley was elected for governor, but running five thousand behind Roosevelt.

JAPS SILENCED MOUNTAIN FORTS

Attacks Being Made on Etse Mountain by Main Strength of the Japanese Forces.

(Special by Scripps-McLain.)

Chofoo, Nov. 9.—The Japanese continue the bombardment of Port Arthur and the end of the siege seems near. The Russians are unable to repair the damage done the forts, owing to the heavy fire.

World's Consumption of Pepper.

Every year the world puts on its foot \$33,750,000 worth of pepper.

RESULTS MAKING COWHERD MOROSE

Republicans Will Have at Least Between Sixty or Seventy-Five Majority in Congress.

(Special by Scripps-McLain.)

Washington, Nov. 9.—"What's the use? It's getting worse," said Chairman Cowherd of the democratic congressional campaign committee when asked this morning for his estimate of the republican majority elected to congress. Mr. Cowherd has just received a dispatch from Missouri indicating his probably defeat in his own district for reelection. Conservative estimates indicate the republican majority in congress will be between sixty and seventy-five.

They Were Lighter.

The late Rev. George C. Lorimer was the main impetus that carried on the building of Boston's magnificent Tremont temple, and Dr. Lorimer's wit, sincerity and imaginative sympathy made him a great favorite with the students of Harvard during his residence in Boston.

And Some Won't Pay Any.

People who own their own house won't go away because they object to paying rent and those who lease a house won't because they object to paying two rents.—New York Press.

ROOSEVELT GETS 65,000 IN STATE

It is Estimated That La Follette Has Carried Wisconsin by Thirty-Eight Thousand.

(Special by Scripps-McLain.)

Milwaukee, Wis., Nov. 9.—Early returns today show that Wisconsin goes for Roosevelt by sixty-five thousand majority. La Follette carries the state by thirty-eight thousand.

RUSSIANS UNABLE TO REPAIR FORTS

Bombardment of Port Arthur Still Continues, and End of Siege Seems Near.

(Special by Scripps-McLain.)

Tokio, Nov. 9.—It is reported that the forts at Rihung and Suang mountains have been completely silenced by the Japanese. Their main strength is said to be engaged in an attack on Etse mountain.

Man's Love Easily Lost.

When a woman has won the love of a man, however devoted he may appear, it is usually necessary for her to take some pains to hold fast to his love if she wishes to keep it. There are exceptions, but most men's love is a fire, which easily dies for lack of fuel.—Exchange.

WHITEHEAD HAS BIG MAJORITY

County Is Republican by Twenty-Five Hundred—Three Republican Assemblymen.

RETURNS ARE NOT ALL IN AS YET

Trouble in Beloit and Evansville—Took Until Noon to Count the Final Figures in These Cities.

John M. Whitehead will represent Rock county in the next legislature. Phil Norcross will be the assemblyman from this district. A. S. Baker will be the republican assemblyman from the first district and William O. Hansen in the third. In other

| | | | | |
|------------------|-----|-----|-----|----|
| Fulton | 89 | 79 | 112 | 69 |
| Janesville | 121 | 49 | | |
| Lima | 183 | 145 | | |
| Magnolia | 184 | 103 | | |
| Milton, 1st prec | 199 | 60 | | |
| Milton, 2d prec | 199 | 60 | | |
| Orfordville, VII | 78 | 41 | | |



STATE SENATOR JOHN M. WHITEHEAD

words the voters of Rock county have followed the advice given them by Senator John C. Spooner: "You have four Rocks in this county; see that you throw them." While Senator Whitehead was out in almost every town and precinct he won out by a majority which will be in the neighborhood of 1800 when the final vote is counted. In the face of the opposition that was given him, Senator Whitehead has won a decided victory. He returns to the state senate the leader among the conservative senators. He will be supported in the legislature by A. S. Baker of Evansville, Captain Phil Norcross of Janesville, and William O. Hansen of Beloit.

In the City

Senator Whitehead had a majority of seventeen in the city of Janesville. This vote was less than expected, but can easily be explained by the mistakes made in voting the National Republican ticket. Many voted this intending to vote for Whitehead and the party nominees and failed to turn down the pointers over his name. He carried Evansville by 78 plurality. This is Richmond's home town and is a surprise to everyone. He carried Edgerton by twelve votes, and Beloit by 975. Half to the third assembly district! The following is the table showing the vote up to date of the three assembly districts for Whitehead and the three assemblymen:

FIRST ASSEMBLY DISTRICT

| | Whitehead | Richmond | Hansen | Folmer |
|------------------|-----------|----------|--------|--------|
| Center | 57 | 126 | 71 | 135 |
| Edgerton, city | 265 | 253 | 299 | 229 |
| Evansville, city | 272 | 194 | 358 | 90 |

Totals

1448 1381 1500 1179

THIRD ASSEMBLY DISTRICT

| | Whitehead | Richmond | Hansen | Oliver |
|--------------|-----------|----------|--------|--------|
| Avon | 134 | 125 | 132 | 32 |
| Beloit | 133 | 125 | 132 | 32 |
| Beloit city | 168 | 103 | 150 | 113 |
| 1st ward | 382 | 139 | 351 | 139 |
| 2d ward | 327 | 103 | 321 | 105 |
| 3d ward | 295 | 118 | 277 | 122 |
| 4th ward | 394 | 140 | 337 | 133 |
| 5th ward | 119 | 90 | | |
| Clinton | 92 | 133 | 142 | 74 |
| Clinton, VII | 120 | 63 | 128 | 57 |
| Turtle | | | | |
| Newark | | | | |
| Plymouth | | | | |
| Totals | 2174 | 927 | 1891 | 775 |

SECOND ASSEMBLY DISTRICT

| | Whitehead | Richmond | Norcross | St. John |
|------------|-----------|----------|----------|----------|
| Bradford | 91 | 89 | 95 | 86 |
| Harmony | | | | |
| Janesville | | | | |
| 1st ward | 263 | 194 | 296 | 173 |
| 2d ward | 196 | 159 | 219 | 176 |
| 3d ward | 368 | 210 | 408 | 171 |
| 4th ward | 266 | 217 | 387 | 229 |
| 5th ward | 102 | 235 | 123 | 211 |
| Johnstown | 75 | 66 | 71 | 21 |
| La Prairie | 90 | 51 | 94 | 48 |
| Totals | 1448 | 1381 | 1500 | 1179 |

THIRD ASSEMBLY DISTRICT

| | Whitehead | Richmond | Hansen | Oliver |
|--------------|-----------|----------|--------|--------|
| Avon | 134 | 125 | 132 | 32 |
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| 1st ward | 382 | 139 | 351 | 139 |
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| Clinton, VII | 120 | 63 | 128 | 57 |
| Turtle | | | | |
| Newark | | | | |
| Plymouth | | | | |
| Totals | 2174 | 927 | 1891 | 775 |

HAIRPINS ARE ANCIENT.

Women used their hairpins a thousand years ago much in the same way as they do today. That, at least, is the impression one gets from the antiquities found during the last year at the Silchester (England) excavations. The most interesting discovery was the building which formed apparently the small altar, portions of capitals and bases, part of a large basin of Purbeck marble and some singular pieces of metal.

Indian Girls Marry Young.

The custom of marrying girls when they are mere children of nine or ten years is increasing rather than decreasing in Bengal and other parts of India. The resulting racial degeneration is becoming so obvious that laws have been passed in several regions forbidding the marriage of girls under fourteen.

Chinese Outside the Empire.

The number of Chinese outside of China is estimated at over 7,640,000.

SOCIALISTS POLL 41,595 IN CHICAGO

Change in Party Lines Are Expected There—Democrats May Pass as Dominant Factor.

Chicago, Ill., Nov. 9.—The leaders of the republican and democratic parties are dazed by the showing made in Chicago by the socialists. The polling of 41,595 votes for Debs, in the opinion of the local leaders, prefigures important changes in the line-up of political parties in Chicago, with a possibility of the passing away of the democratic party as a dominant factor. The Illinois socialistic vote is expected to reach one hundred and fifty thousand. This enormous gain has been at the expense of the democrats.

Chinese Outside the Empire.

The number of Chinese outside of China is estimated at over 7,640,000.

REFORMATION OF CHURCH NEEDFUL

TO REFORMATION OF WISCONSIN, SAYS REV. TIPPETT.

CHRIST'S WORK ILLUSTRATES

As Christ to Reform Jerusalem Drove Money Changers From Temple, So Reform This State.

Rev. Tippet at the Court Street Methodist church Sunday morning spoke from the pulpit on "How is the State of Wisconsin to be Reformed?" He compared Jerusalem and Wisconsin to the city of Jerusalem when Christ entered it and seeing all its sin as it was and contrasting it to how it was meant to be, he wept. Christ is the only one who saw Jerusalem as it was and is the only one who has seen Janesville as it is. Among the statements made, significant of the present status of affairs in Wisconsin were: "We know that the city of God is not to be built except after the plan of the Divine Architect; that science cannot build it; capital cannot build it; legislation cannot build it." "We know that it can only be built anywhere with clean hands and a pure heart. We know that it is a city which hath foundations; and the only substantial foundations are seemingly insubstantial because invisible—liberty, justice, brotherhood, holiness, truth."

Reformation Only by Cross

"This is no work for tears," says the hard materialistic, dry-as-dust, tape-and-sealing-wax reformer, "with his parchment policy." All that is needed is law. Let us legislate Utopia. The city of God is all a question of magistrates and police. Oh! the things that belong to the peace of this city are added to your eyes. If this problem of salvation were simply a problem of law, legislation, and administration, our task would be easy in comparison. I would say, then let us all go into professional politics, to handle the sword and the baton, and somehow or other drag out of society and save the people. It won't do. The first condition for saving the people is to love them. Sympathy, compassion, and tears are for the ill; no state can cure the ill; the world does not think because the world does not see them. The longer of Rome could be ended by the sword, but the bondage of sin only by the cross."

Reform Soul of State

The first step in the reformation of the state is for the reformation of the church. Christ went over the city and then went straight to cleanse the temple. The people that have a bad notion of God has also a bad state, bad government, bad laws. If we in Wisconsin today are suffering from bad government and bad laws, how much is due to the pagan spirit of these times? The supreme need of Wisconsin is not railroad reform—although we are agreed that it is essential—but to know God and Jesus Christ whom He hath sent. The reform or appeal of bad laws is to be expected through a regeneration of religious ideas. If the extremists of the body politic were weak and unhealthy it would be because there was disease at the heart. Christ went straight to what would be the seat of moral authority and spiritual power, and laying His unerring physician's finger upon it said, "Here is the mischief." Why did Jesus go to the temple? You may as well ask the inventor why he spends his time in perfecting that electrical dynamo. Why waste your time says the so-called practical man? What we want is better light, quicker locomotion, means of communication between man and man. And the man of science smiles and says nothing, but goes on perfecting his dynamo. Then at last he speaks and produces the dynamic force to light the house or drive the trains or carry messages.

Noble indignation

There is yet another lesson that thrusts itself upon us before I come to the reformation of the church. Among the lessons we have suffered in the later days is, I think, the power of noble indignation. What is Wisconsin to me? says our average man. I am told you need a Moses to rouse the noble indignation of the people. It may be so; but let the church ask itself the question. Why do we need a Moses while we have a Christ? The plain fact is that we feel little today of the exceeding sinfulness of sin. When Christ drove the money changers from the house of His Father, I have no doubt whatever that the evicted tenants had plenty to say for themselves. I have no doubt that they made out a very plausible case against the harsh procedure. I have no doubt some pleaded interests and talked confidentially about compensation. They had their money—and very likely other people's—into this trade, and they stood to lose it. I have no doubt they talked very loudly of the rights of property as the most sacred rights there were. Beyond the shadow of a doubt the raucous voices of the money changers and dealers were uplifted to demand the right to live. Without a doubt their voices were next heard swelling the roar of the multitude that cried "Crucify Him" as the Divine Reformer of religion stood dumbly waiting the verdict of the people.

Man's Political Duty

In the evening Rev. Tippet speaking on "Party Politics, Their Use and Abuse," made a strong plea that every man become a politician but not a party politician. His central theme was that each voter owes it to himself and country to cast his ballot on election day.

PLAYERS ARE VERY MUCH OVERTHEIN

Wisconsin Shows Lack of Enthusiasm in the Game with Minnesota—Chances Compared.

Madison, Wis., Nov. 9.—Great anxiety prevails in the football training quarters of the university of Wisconsin lest it be found impossible to get

the players in proper shape for the Minnesota and Chicago games. Exceedingly light work has been given during the past week and several substitutes went in for regular work against Beloit college Saturday, in order to save the men. It is said that at training quarters the men seem "to take little interest in life." This language means probably that the squad is not filled with the freshness and snap that it had earlier in the season. It is known that trainer O'Donnell has told some of the players that they might take a little lager beer, so far overtrained they were. The players in question are accustomed to beer, so that the action of the trainer was merely giving permission to "ease up a bit" on the training, rather than advising the use of intoxicating liquors.

A brace in the enthusiasm of the Wisconsin students is hoped for this week, and that quickly, for the training in preparation for Minnesota closes Wednesday and the team leaves for Minneapolis Thursday. Last week few spectators came to watch the daily practice, one day the sideline crowd numbered only seven people. This was after the coaches had made the announcement that no more secret practice would be held.

While the members of the team are in poor spirits and the student enthusiasm is low, the opinion is frequently expressed that Wisconsin may win from Minnesota, although no prediction of a score is yet heard. The fact is that a mighty poor opinion of the Minnesota team prevails here, and it is thought that the badgers, over-trained as they are, have a good chance to win. Minnesota is rated here as not 60 per cent, as good as last year. It is known that Wisconsin is heavier than last year and it is believed that the team knows more football. The present deplorable lack of interest here does not signify that the Minnesota game is to be allowed to go by default.

Much interest attaches here to the question of who will coach for the badgers next year. Booth of Nebraska is well thought of and those here who say he might be secured for Wisconsin, but a report was recently received that he had determined not to longer postpone his entrance upon the practice of law. The "story" that Coach Yost of Michigan has declared his willingness to come to Madison for \$3,500 is the second railroad accident which he true. There is no question but what Yost here is no question but whether salary, better material and wholly better arrangements at Ann Arbor than would be possible at Madison, and his judgment is respected too much to allow the belief to gain ground that he is willing to desert the wolverines for the badgers.

Buy It in Janesville.

RAIN OF METEORS ON NOVEMBER 12

Astronomers Say Star Showers Are Scheduled for Next Week—Main One Comes Sunday.

November 12th will be an unlucky day for the man who goes out of doors and gets hit on the head by a meteor. With the excitement of election day and five days past, and before the people have had an opportunity of quieting their disturbed nerves, a shower of meteors is coming, that night to scare the timid and inspire the superstitious with a fear of approaching pandemonium. At least so we are assured by the astronomers. One of these sky-searchers writes: "The notion commonly entertained about space as being empty is certainly very erroneous. The case is far otherwise. Innumerable small bodies, dark and cold, traverse that part of space in which the solar system is now, in every direction. Those of our neighborhood revolve about the sun which is as careful to enforce obedience upon these specks of matter as upon the planets themselves; each has its own curves and obeys the universal law of gravitation. These small bodies are called meteors, or shooting stars."

There are certain nights in the year on which they are more numerous than on others, and come down in regular showers. Innumerable of these quick flashing lights, following one another in quick succession, seem to shower upon us and look as if all the stars had suddenly left their places in the firmament, dashed swiftly across a portion of the sky and then vanished.

One of these grand and magnificent displays may be looked for on the night of Nov. 12.

On the two nights immediately preceding and succeeding this date there will be more meteors seen than ordinarily, but on the 12th the main shower is due to come. This shower emanates from the constellation Leo, and the meteors therefore are called "Leonidas."

Generally the display is not at all times very brilliant, but once in every 33 years it is of wonderful splendor. This is due to the fact that this meteoric ring has a period of 33 years and, although the whole circumference of the ring is thickly bespotted with meteors, the main body of them reach the earth's orbit only once in 33 years. The years 1833, 1866 and 1899 are recorded as having witnessed the most brilliant and magnificent display of meteoric showers ever seen before. The year 1932 is the time predicted for the next display.

There is also a ring of meteors through which the earth passes in the latter part of November of each year. Their radiant point is in the constellation of Andromeda, and their period is only nine years. This shower comes generally on the 27th or 28th of November. This shower derives special interest from its supposed connection with the lost Uli's comet.

The meteors pursue the same orbit as the lost comet, and it is possible that they are the products of its disintegration.

In 1892 they came on the 23d, instead of the 27th of November, their usual date. This was due to a disturbance of the orbit by the attraction of the planet Jupiter which happened to be near it.

Buy It in Janesville.

VOTE BY COUNTY TWO YEARS AGO

La Follette Then Received a Plurality of Forty-Seven Thousand.

| County | La Follette | Other |
|-------------|-------------|---------|
| Adams | 288 | 1,236 |
| Ashland | 1,752 | 1,236 |
| Barron | 620 | 1,236 |
| Brown | 426 | 1,236 |
| Buffalo | 3,282 | 1,236 |
| Burnett | 99 | 1,236 |
| Calumet | 1,236 | 1,236 |
| Chippewa | 1,611 | 1,236 |
| Clark | 1,236 | 1,236 |
| Columbia | 2,310 | 1,236 |
| Crawford | 1,572 | 1,236 |
| Dane | 5,463 | 1,236 |
| Dodge | 5,343 | 1,236 |
| Douglas | 707 | 1,236 |
| Dunn | 1,762 | 1,236 |
| Eau Claire | 817 | 1,236 |
| Florence | 1,69 | 1,236 |
| Fond du Lac | 4,342 | 1,236 |
| Forest | 481 | 1,236 |
| Grant | 222 | 1,236 |
| Green | 1,602 | 1,236 |
| Green Lake | 1,532 | 1,236 |
| Iowa | 1,791 | 1,236 |
| Iron | 348 | 1,236 |
| Jackson | 593 | 1,236 |
| Jefferson | 2,342 | 1,236 |
| Jewett | 1,435 | 1,236 |
| Kenosha | 1,895 | 1,236 |
| Kewaunee | 1,718 | 1,236 |
| La Crosse | 3,306 | 1,236 |
| Lafayette | 2,141 | 1,236 |
| Lansdale | 1,119 | 1,236 |
| Lincoln | 1,902 | 1,236 |
| Manitowish | 1,376 | 1,236 |
| Marathon | 1,769 | 1,236 |
| Marquette | 1,045 | 1,236 |
| Milwaukee | 22,402 | 1,236 |
| Monroe | 1,912 | 1,236 |
| Oconto | 1,619 | 1,236 |
| Ondaga | 670 | 1,236 |
| Outagamie | 2,287 | 1,236 |
| Ozaukee | 1,677 | 1,236 |
| Peoria | 341 | 1,236 |
| Pierce | 765 | 1,236 |
| Polk | 215 | 1,236 |
| Portage | 2,459 | 1,236 |
| Prairie | 774 | 1,236 |
| Racine | 3,824 | 1,236 |
| Rehland | 1,419 | 1,236 |
| Rock | 3,146 | 1,236 |
| St. Croix | 1,886 | 1,236 |
| Sauk | 2,085 | 1,236 |
| Sawyer | 467 | 1,236 |
| Shawano | 1,393 | 1,236 |
| Shelby | 3,731 | 1,236 |
| Taylor | 1,050 | 1,236 |
| Trempealeau | 519 | 1,236 |
| Vernon | 759 | 1,236 |
| Vilas | 516 | 1,236 |
| Walworth | 1,488 | 1,236 |
| Washington | 2,222 | 1,236 |
| Waushara | 3,091 | 1,236 |
| Waupaca | 1,420 | 1,236 |
| Waushara | 565 | 1,236 |
| Winnebago | 4,311 | 1,236 |
| Wood | 1,020 | 1,236 |
| Total | 145,818 | 193,117 |

La Follette's plurality... 47,599

ANOTHER TRAGEDY AT CAPITAL CITY

John Reinen Killed Recently in a Manner Similar to That of Samuel Wilson on Monday

Madison, Wis., Nov. 9.—Special.—John Reinen, a farm hand, was struck by a train in the North-western yards last night and instantly killed. No one saw the accident but the presumption is that the man was walking along the tracks and did not see the approaching train. Both legs and arms were cut off and his body was horribly mangled. Reinen is about forty years old and resides in Sun Prairie, 12 miles northwest of Madison. He is unmarried. This is the second railroad accident which proved fatal within the last week in Madison. Joseph Narey having been killed last week by a St. Paul train.

Mr. Austin's Pancake Flour enjoys the largest sale of any similar article. Ask your grocer today.

Buy It in Janesville.

NU-TRI-OLA

"Makes You New All Over." For sale by McCue & Buss, The Drugists, two stores.

Buy It in Janesville.

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BATTLES GALORE ON THE GRIDIRON

High School Will Play Fort Atkinson—Ward Teams Have Games Scheduled for Sunday.

Football is now in the height of its glory. Games galore are scheduled to be played by local teams in the next week. There are numerous elevens in the city and each has secured a contest for Saturday or Sunday. Each ward has a team and two have second elevens. There are eleven composed of the younger players with names that sound suspiciously like fourth of July fireworks or some widely advertised brand of cigars or breakfast food. But the team that attracts the most attention and whose games are attended by the largest crowds is the high school. Strenuous efforts are being made by each member of the high school football team to so improve his individual work and the work of the team as a whole that good showing can be made against, if not a victory be won from Ft. Atkinson this Saturday on the Ft. Atkinson football field. This game will undoubtedly be the hardest one that the local team will have this year, but the Fort seems to have lost its old time luck though their lineup is practically the same as that of last year. In a game with Burlington, a hitherto unknown team in the championship race, the Fort only tied the score near the end of the game by Sullivan picking up the ball and running sixty yards for a touchdown when the Burlington boys had ceased that particular play, thinking that time had been called. In the game Saturday on the home grounds they were defeated by South side Milwaukee by a score of 9 to 6 and were outplayed in every department of the game. Janesville has shown better form in practice lately and the cut in was drilled upon the game last Saturday with Monahan, Feeler, Caldwell, Wright, mostly for advancing the ball, and Ryan, Carle and Lee are expected to do great work on the defense. The Fort has made the boast that they will pile up a score between fifty and sixty points but the Janesville boys will have something to say when the attempt is being made. At Rockford Sunday afternoon the Second Ward team of Janesville will play a return game with a team composed of players from Rockford. There will be a slight change in the lineup of the local eleven from the way they played in the last game, the two halves being changed with the tackles. Otherwise the lineup will be the same. The second teams of the first and second wards will contest on Banker Hill Sunday and a close game is anticipated, the elevens being considered very evenly matched.

HIGH PRAISE FOR THEODORE HAPKE

What the American Sugar Industry and Beet Sugar Gazette Says of Him.

In speaking of the new Janesville beet sugar factory, "The American Sugar Industry and Beet Sugar Gazette" contains the following compliment to Mr. Hapke: "In the work of dismantling the plant at Dresden, Ont., removing the same to Janesville, and getting the factory ready for operation within six months, and in time to slice the beets as soon as they were harvested, the contractor, Mr. Theodore Hapke, has displayed remarkable energy and ability. Mr. Hapke and his corps of capable assistants deserve great credit for this extraordinary achievement."

Improved Milling Facilities. Flour-making and wheat-raising go hand in hand. During the past twenty years the milling industry has been revolutionized.

Brakeman Peter Miek of Warren, Iowa, is in the city.

Under a new regulation the St. Paul baggage room has to be locked when Baggageman Noyes is outside looking after the luggage being taken from and put on the trains.

Brakeman Richard Barry is off duty.

A. M. Anderson, road-master of the Mineral Point division, went to Mineral Point this morning on business.

Conductor James Gallagher is laying off.

Brakeman Otto Campbell, whose hand was crushed between the bumpers while switching recently, is able to return to work.

If you enjoy muffins and waffles, try Mrs. Austin's Pancake Flour and you will be delighted with results.

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...LINK AND PIN... News for the Railroad Men.

To Lessen Train Wrecks.

"To avoid a large percentage of passenger train wrecks," said a well-known railroad official, "let the railroads put ticket collectors on all trains, leaving the conductor free to attend to train orders."

"The heavier the train and the larger the passenger list the more important to avoid accidents," he added, "and it is on such trains that conductors are more busily engaged than ever taking up tickets, when they ought to be directing their attention wholly to running the train. On our line with a heavy train, the conductor is sometimes a hundred miles out before he has lifted the tickets."

Attention was directed to the fact that train wrecks very often occur from neglect of orders, rather than from error in the dispatcher's office. Trainmen forget orders completely, at times. Rarely in this from a mistake but often the results from turning the attention to some trivial interest of a passenger.

A case in point was that of a bad wreck and a loss of life at a way station. The conductor turned from his orders, which read to hold the train at the siding for a fast express running against its own train, noticed an aged woman trying to make a step, helped her on, forgot all about his orders, gave the "high ball" and the engineer went ahead to his death.

This was a case of complete loss of memory, the engineer not getting written orders took them from the conductor's lantern. The conductor acted mechanically. As was his wont at a way station he helped on the last passenger and gave the "go ahead."

"On the English companies' steamers (oh officers are not allowed to speak to a passenger while on duty. At the dinner table the officers are free to converse, but on duty they must keep their minds on the main thought of the ship and the passengers."

Conductors ought to have nothing to do with the passengers. They should keep away from them and avoid collection of their attention from their duties. You say the engineers have duplicate orders. But suppose the engineer does not get his orders or loses them; that often happens at way points, and then he depends on the conductor's signals.

The railroads that do not employ collectors to work the trains should do so and leave the conductors free to attend strictly to the running of the trains."

An order for 7,000 tons of steel ties has been given by the New York Central railway to the United States Steel Corporation. The ties will be made at the Carnegie plant and will be used on the New York Central and Lake Shore roads. The Vanderbilts have been experimenting for several years with steel ties and the result is the order just given. If they prove a satisfactory substitute for wood, all railroads will soon adopt them, on account of the growing scarcity of wooden ties and consequent increase in price.

Engineer Warren and Fireman Mead relieved Engineer Whelan and Fireman Higgins on the Mineral Point passenger today.

Men wearing canvas coats and corduroy caps and carrying gun and rifle cases are much in evidence these days on the smokers of the trains northbound. Keep close, real close, watch for deer in the next two weeks.

Seventy-eight cars of stock passed through the city last night over the St. Paul road en route from Edgerton to Chicago.

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Sometimes a very small ad will bring about a pretty big transaction. Four printed lines have sold a farm; two simple sentences have found a buyer for a store or a factory. "Publicity in small packages" may solve the biggest problem that faces you in your business life.

THE GAZETTE WANT ADS.

Three lines three times 25c

WANT ADS.

MRS. E. McCarthy, 210 W. Milwaukee street, will furnish help at short notice. She always has a few girls looking for good home conditions and clean. New phone No. 615, old phone, 4122.

WANTED—Situation as housekeeper, city or country; also competent girl for general housework. Inquire of Mrs. Belle White, Highland Homes new phone 921.

WANTED—Work by the day; washing, ironing, sweeping and scrubbing. Inquire of Mrs. Belle White, Highland Homes.

WANTED, AT ONCE—500 lbs. clean white wipings. Write to J. P. Ross, 1000 N. 1st St.

WANTED—Bring in your overcoat and have it cleaned or dyed. It will look like new. Chemical Dye Works, C. F. Brockhaus, Prop.

WANTED—Men to learn barber trade. Few weeks complete and method. C. M. earn expenses before completing; \$15 weekly paid graduates. Special inducements to distant applicants. Write for catalogue today. Molar Barber College, Chicago, Ill.

WANTED—Overcoat cleaned and pressed. 70c. Velvet collars put on for \$1. Roberts No. 128, Main St.

AGENTS WANTED—To sell the Farless Electric Fan. Good commissions. For particulars address F. G. Risk & Co., La Crosse, Wis.

LADIES—to do plain sewing at home on col. lars; nothing to buy; material sent every- where free. Send address and name. National Mfg. Co., 234 W. 1st St., New York.

WANTED TO BUY—A lumber wagon and double work harness. Address: B. Gazette.

WANTED—One or two good heavy work horses; ages from 3 to 8 years. Address R. Gazette.

WANTED TO BUY—A second hand coat, hat or overcoat. Inquire at No. 5 N. Bluff street.

FOR RENT

FOR RENT—Two-room house, 122 Locust St. Inquire at 122 Locust street.

FOR RENT—Eight room house, 1st Terrace St. Rent \$10.00. Inquire at 1st Terrace St.

FOR RENT—House on Washington street; electric and city water, bath room. Hayner & Sons.

FOR RENT—One-half of dwelling No. 123 E. Milwaukee street, six rooms. Edward H. Ryan, 211 Hayes block.

FOR RENT—Steam heated flat, centrally located. Apply to F. H. Snyder, cor. Main and Milwaukee Sts.

FOR RENT—Three large rooms, new and neat, furnished with all modern conveniences. Inquire at 302 Main street.

FOR RENT—Rooms at 123 Locust street. Inquire on premises or at 207 South Academy street.

FOR RENT—House in Third ward, three blocks from public library; modern conveniences. Inquire of H. A. Moser.

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms, with or without bath, near business center. Inquire at 113 East street. Mrs. Julia Myers, 3 East street.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—A nearly new first class double bed room, with all modern conveniences. Inquire at 101 S. Franklin St.

FOR SALE—Very reasonable—The old established Central bakery; two horses, wagon and bread truck. Inquire at 113 East street.

FOR SALE—A good family horse, a rubber-stamped horse and harness, or will sell separately. Inquire at 113 East street.

FOR SALE—Mixed milk, five varieties, 15c per lb. Labor Candy Kitchen, 31 S. Main.

FOR SALE—8-room house, gas and city water, \$1600. 7-room house and bath, \$1200. 5-room house, gas and city water, \$800. 7-room house, bath, and 2nd story, \$2000. 8-room house and bath, \$1200. 7-room house and bath, \$1200. 8-room house, city water and gas, \$1800. 8-room house, bath, gas, and furnace, \$1200. 8-room house, bath, gas, and furnace, \$1200.

We have several more homes in the city for sale on easy terms.

FARMS—100 choice farms in St. Croix Co. near good markets and good railroad facilities. Prices on application. For price terms, etc., call and see us.

We also have a large list of farms in Missouri that we can sell you on easy terms. Better look this up.

SCOTT & SHERMAN, Fire Insurance, Real Estate and Loans. Room 2, Phoenix Block, Janesville, Wis.

FOR SALE—A new Singer sewing machine, 12 room house, with all modern conveniences, including electric, gas, and city water. Inquire of Dr. Michaelis, 20 Milwaukee street.

FOR SALE—A strictly high grade bicycle, with all modern conveniences. Call at Barlow's studio.

FOR SALE—A good business, located in a good street in a well settled location, existing good profit. A bargain at \$100. John L. Fisher, Hayes block.

FOR SALE—Part of a house suitable for a kitchen, also including a small lot. Inquire of Dr. Michaelis, 20 Milwaukee street.

FINE RESIDENCE LOTS FOR SALE. Glen street, Forest Park, Spring Brook. Money to loan. P. L. Clements, opposite Grand Hotel.

MISCELLANEOUS.

CLAIRVOYANT—Trance Medium, Private readings daily on all affairs. 30c from nine a.m. to nine p.m. Call at 401 S. Jackson St.

ELECTRICAL—Facial massage, superfluous hair, warts and moles successfully removed; shampooing and hairdressing; residence work. Mauda V. Curry, 3 East St. Phone 666.

LOST—Pickup stolen for 4th automobile on 1st. Will reward please return to Geo. S. Parker.

LOST—A small orange wood case, with a parrot for a handle; a highly prized heirloom. Return to C. C. MacLean and get reward.

NU-TRI-OLA

"Makes You New All Over." For sale by McCue & Buss, The Druggists, two stores.

LODGE CALENDAR.

Masonic.

Western Star Lodge, No. 14, F. and A. M.—1st and 3rd Tuesday.

Janesville Lodge, No. 65, F. and A. M.—2nd and 4th Monday.

Janesville Chapter, No. 6, R. A. M.—1st and 3rd Thursday.

Janesville Chapter, No. 2, K. W.—2nd and 4th Thursday.

Janesville Chapter, No. 60, O. E. S.—2nd and 4th Wednesday.

L. O. O. F.—Every Wednesday.

Wisconsin Lodge, No. 100—Every Tuesday.

Janesville City Lodge, No. 100—Every Tuesday.

Tuesday River Encampment, No. 5—1st and 3rd Friday.

Canton Janesville, No. 9, Patrons of the Plow—2nd and 4th Friday.

American Lodge, No. 24, D. of R.—2nd and 4th Saturday.

Social and Benefit Club—1st Thursday.

Janesville Lodge, No. 171, D. of R.—2nd and 4th Thursday.

CATHOLIC KNIGHTS OF WISCONSIN, Branch, No. 60—1st Sunday.

Elks.

Janesville Lodge, No. 234—Every Tuesday.

G. A. R.

W. H. Sargent Post, No. 205—2nd and 4th Friday.

W. H. Sargent Corps, No. 21, W. R. C.—Every alternate Tuesday.

Hibernians.

Division, No. 1—2nd Sunday.

Knights of the Globe.

Janesville Chapter, No. 19—2nd and 4th Tuesday.

Knights of the Maccabees.

Rock River Tent, No. 51—1st and 3rd Monday.

Rock River Tent, No. 71, Ladies of the Maccabees—1st and 3rd Monday.

Knights of Pythias.

Oriental Lodge, No. 212—Meets every Friday.

Modern Woodmen of America.

Flour Camp, No. 301—2nd and 4th Monday.

Crystal Camp, No. 132, R. N. A.—2nd and 4th Wednesday.

National Union.

Janesville Council, No. 218—1st Tuesday.

United Workmen.

Patrons of the Plow Association meets first and third Thursdays at West Side 600, Fellows hall.

Oliver Branch, No. 36—2nd and 4th Friday.

Oliver Lodge, No. 27, Degree of Honor—1st and 3rd Wednesday.

Laurel Lodge, No. 2, Degree of Honor—1st and 3rd Thursday.

Bluestone Lodge, No. 22, Royal Arcanum—2nd and 4th Monday.

Independent Order of Foresters—4th Monday.

Mystic Workers of the World—1st and 3rd Tuesday.

Omaha Council, No. 214, Royal League—1st and 3rd Tuesday.

Wagon's Catholic Order of Foresters—2nd and 4th Tuesday.

Reveries—2nd and 4th Tuesday.

Colony, No. 2, H. F. F.—4th Wednesday.

St. Patrick's Court, No. 318, W. C. O. F.—1st and 3rd Monday, at West Side 600, Fellows hall.

Rock River Court, No. 1, Tribe of Ben Hur—2nd and 4th Thursday.

Knights of Columbus—1st and 3rd Tuesday.

People's Lodge, No. 400, I. O. U. W.—Every 1st Friday.

St. George's, No. 1, St. Germain's—1st and 3rd Friday.

Unions—2nd and 4th Friday.

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...Forty Years Ago...

Janesville Daily Gazette, Wednesday, November 9, 1864.—The Result.—The heavy rain that has prevailed for the last thirty-six hours has rendered the telegraph wires too sluggish to present as full details as we hoped, but sufficient returns have been received from various parts of the country to warrant us in saying that Abraham Lincoln was re-elected president of the United States for four years more.

The Result in Wisconsin.—The Union majority in the state cannot be less than 15,000 on the home vote and we are still sanguine that we have elected two out of six congressmen although it looks uncomfortably close for General Payne in the first district. We hope to positively state tomorrow that Payne was elected.

How are You, George B. Smith?—Does anybody know of it man by the name of George B. Smith, the B. standing for Brass? Such a man threatened to run for Congress in this district but as far as we can learn he didn't do much running. Any information as to his whereabouts will be liberally rewarded by his few friends in this city.

Thanks.—We are indebted to

Gans and Britt.

Probable That the Two Crack Lightweight Fighters Will Soon Meet.

The failure of Young Corbett and Jimmy Britt to "get together" leaves the latter in a position to repudiate his agreement, and the next match which the San Francisco lad will participate in will be with Joe Gans for the lightweight championship of the world. Gans himself laid the foundation for such a meeting several weeks ago



JOE GANS, THE LIGHTWEIGHT CHAMPION.

when he stepped into the ring during a boxing entertainment in Frisco and said:

"I want to fight with the best lightweight that I can find. I will fight anybody in the world at 133 pounds, ringside. The newspapers may say I am a welterweight, but I want to say right here that I am no welterweight. I will fight anybody in the world at 133 pounds, ringside, and will post a forfeit of \$1,000 that I will make the weight."

Reading between the lines anybody could readily see that this was throwing the gauntlet down to Jimmy Britt, and as the latter never overlooks a chance to get into the limelight and secure all the advertising that he possibly can he immediately sprang into the ring. The actor-pugilist then addressed the assembled audience thus:

"Gentlemen, a year ago, when Gans was out on this coast, I offered to fight him at 133 pounds, ringside, and he refused the offer, and that proposition still goes. I will fight Gans at 133 pounds, ringside."

Upon the termination of Jimmy's little speech the colored lad again climbed underneath the ropes and told the crowd that he was glad that Britt had at last agreed to meet him, as he was anxious to settle the question of who was the best legitimate lightweight in the business today.

When Britt was interviewed in regard to the above, he said he would be perfectly willing to meet Gans at the stipulated weight, but that he would not recognize any forfeits. Jimmy further stated that he still objected to boxing colored men, but inasmuch as Herford had advertised him all through the east as being afraid to meet the colored champion he had come to the conclusion that the only way to satisfy the people was to grant Gans a match.

Jim Jeffries evidently believes he has nothing to fear from the "possibilities" now on the pugilistic horizon who are announced as aspirants for his championship title. Safe in his possession and assured of retaining his title until he retires from active work in the ring, Jeff laughs at the claims of his so-called rivals and sizes up their capabilities in the following caustic language:

"There have been so many chat-

many of our country friends and town clerks and others who have taken pains to send us the returns from their respective towns and in many instances came themselves through the mud and rain to bring them. Without particularizing we take this method of thanking all these gentlemen in body for their kindness.

Postponement.—The community will be sorry to learn that the Hutchinson company have concluded to postpone their concert on account of the exceedingly unpropitious state of the weather. They will give our citizens an opportunity of hearing them at no distant date.

Besides a thousand barrels of apples the New Yorkers are going to send Grant's army 50,000 turkeys for Thanksgiving.

Attention Modern Woodmen. A special meeting will be held Wednesday evening, Nov. 9th at 7:30 o'clock for the purpose of making such arrangements as are necessary for attending the funeral of our late friend and neighbor, Sherman W. Fisher. A full attendance is requested. F. H. FARNSWORTH, Ven. Consul.

lenses hurled at me lately," says Jeffries, "that it would seem that I ought to be able to get busy pretty soon, but I do not feel very hopeful. Any number of people are ready to challenge, but when the time comes to make good they slide step. All any man that wants a fight with me need do is to show that there will be money in the contest and that he is capable of putting up a real fight. I do not want to meet another Jack Munroe, nor will I do so. A fight with a man of Munroe's caliber hurts the game. Whenever a dub like the miler is touted as a world beater and then makes a sorry showing pugilism loses hundreds of friends. Another fight like that would put me on the blink as a drawing card.

"In the last few weeks every man in the fighting game that weighs anywhere near the 200 pound mark has had a desire to challenge me. Not only have fighters come after me, but even amateur athletes have come to the front and promised to kill me with a blow. All this talk makes me long for a quiet nook where I can enjoy life till a real fighter comes along able and willing to give me a good fight. When that man shows up I'll crawl through the ropes and do the best I can to defend the championship."

MAPS

Robert Louis Stephenson, one of the most notable English writers known to the present generation, was wont to say that nothing interested him more than the personal of a good map, and without doubt, a map that is well made and accurate catches the eye and arrests the attention of many people as few other things can do.

The men in charge of railway traffic possess a most positive appreciation of this fact and a large expenditure of time and skillful thought is made on this feature of railway publicity, so that such portions of the country as the mystic and interesting region of the Black Hills in South Dakota, the wonderful mountain ranges compactly rising tier upon tier throughout the central and western portion of Colorado, the rich valleys and hill-sides of California, covered with vineyards, orchards and grain fields, Yellowstone Park, the Yosemite, Alaska, and those regions of interlacing lakes and water courses which mark that portion of the great northwest located in upper Wisconsin, southern Minnesota and that part of Michigan known as the Upper Peninsula, have been mapped in detail and given to the public gratis, far and wide.

Said an official of the Chicago & Northwestern Railway recently, while talking on this subject: "There is no doubt that the American railway map engraver has carried his art well high to the borders of perfection. I do not know of any road maps or other detailed data for the state of Wisconsin for instance, that equal those published by our passenger department, showing the haunts of summer tourists and fishermen. They are on a par with the best of the world. Other portions of the western country have been similarly taken up by our people and maps of a most complete character made for them; in fact, the western lines are fully alive to the value of a good map in the hands of the traveler. The map publishing business of the large railway systems is to-day reduced to scientific principles and handled in a most systematic manner. The North-Western Line prints thousands of maps, running all the way from large wall maps of the world, down to the smallest details of sections and quarter sections of Government land open for settlement in the west, and from an atlas containing a series of maps of the seat of war in the far east to the most carefully worked out portrayal of Colorado's mountain region. California's winter resorts, or the summing places that abound along the line throughout the west and north-west.

Fashions in Paraguay.

Nearly all the younger women in Paraguay wear white or light pink dresses; dark and black gowns are worn only by the older ones. Face powdering is still in vogue, and many of the women look as if they wore white masks.

Difficult Work.

"It always seemed strange to me," remarked the observer of events and things, "that a surgeon should have as much difficulty carving a duck as any other man."—Yonkers Statesman.

RECKLESSNESS IN MID-AIR.

Men Employed on Lofly Structures Seem to Be Oblivious of Danger.

That familiarity breeds contempt of danger is shown by an article printed in the Pittsburg Leader. "See that?" asked an engineer of the East river bridge, pointing to a small ladder set into one of the steel piers at an elevation of more than 200 feet above the street. So closely did the ladder cling to the smooth surface of the steel that it seemed almost impossible to get the fingers between the rungs and the pier.

"Those steps were intended to be used only under the most pressing circumstances," continued the engineer, "and only then with great care. Yet the men would leap for the ladder from a platform, rather than use a safe and guarded scaffolding erected for the express purpose only a few yards away. Warning notices were posted that anyone who did it would be discharged, yet the very day the decree went forth a man jumped for the ladder. He struck the side of the steps with his head, and was killed to the ground. Of course he was dashed instantly.

"That stopped the ladder-climbing, but the men still do all sorts of reckless things. For instance, they climb out on a narrow beam projecting over the river from the very top of the structure, and stand there on one leg to be photographed.

"Not long ago one of our foremen found a man taking an after-dinner nap on a girder at a height equal to that of a 20-story building. The girder was just wide enough for him to lie on, and there was nothing but air between him and the ground. Yet he was quite indignant when the foreman woke him up and threatened to discharge him."

"Our window-cleaners are as rash as any workman," said the superintendent of a sky-scraper. "Each of our windows is fitted with heavy iron eye-bolts, into which the cleaners are expected to snap steel hooks attached to broad canvas belts that are buckled about their waists.

"You would not imagine any man would dare to stand on the ten-inch window-sills without seeing that the belt is hooked into the eye-bolts as firmly as it will go. There is absolutely nothing else for the cleaners to hold on to, and in front of them is the smooth face of the glass. The men stand bolt upright, and even lean back a little. Yet every day we catch one or more of them climbing out on those narrow sills, 12 stories and more above the sidewalk, with the belt unhooked."

COST OF THE WHITE PLAGUE

Tuberculosis Causes 150,000 Deaths and Loss of Millions of Dollars Yearly.

Tuberculosis causes annually more than 150,000 deaths in the United States at the average age of 35 years. At this age the normal after-lifetime is about 32 years, so that the real loss of life covered, measured in time, is represented by 4,800,000 years per annum, says the New York Medical Journal. If we assume that the net value of a year of human life after the age of 35 years is at least \$50, the real loss to the nation resulting to the disease (a large proportion of which is known to be needless) may be estimated at \$240,000,000 per annum.

These astounding and almost incomprehensible figures are far from being an exaggeration, but let us assume that only one-half of this mortality is preventable, and we have a possible saving to the nation of \$120,000,000 per annum. This estimate does not take into account the social, moral and sentimental value of at least 100,000 lives, which, under different conditions, might reasonably hope to continue for many years.

The mortality from tuberculosis is, therefore, a problem compared with which all other social problems of a medical character sink into insignificance, and it is safe to say that the possible prevention of a large portion of the mortality from this disease is justly deserving of the solicitude, the active personal interest and liberal pecuniary support of all who have the real welfare of the people of this nation at heart.

Biggs estimates that New York city sustains an annual economic loss of \$23,000,000, and that the nation at large must sustain an annual loss of \$30,000,000 because of tuberculosis. There are nearly 10,000 deaths from consumption in New York city. Seven thousand persons died in Illinois in 1903, half of them between the ages of 20 and 50 years, while the estimated loss to the state alone, because of this disease, was \$36,000,000, and the medical authorities of that state have found that consumption is responsible for more deaths than typhoid fever, scarlet fever, diphtheria, all forms of bronchitis, influenza, measles and smallpox combined.

Kitchener's Lack of French.

Col. Marchand refuses, from politeness, to discuss the accuracy of the report of his interview with Lord Kitchener. The real explanation is the latter's indifferent knowledge of French. When he observed, "Let us have a whisky and soda," Col. Marchand imagined he was saying that "this was a serious breach of international law," when the colonel refused to allow the Egyptian flag to be hoisted, he understood him to ask: "You haven't got such a thing as a cigarette, have you?"—London Globe.

Waistcoats and Lunacy.

Speaking of a newly invented "curative waistcoat," a fashionable tailor says that "in America doctors are experimenting with various colors upon lunatics." Judging from some of the waistcoats we have observed in Bond street, we imagine that similar experiments are being made by the faculty in England.—London Globe.

NU-TRI-OLA

"Makes you new all over." It's Nature's right arm of power. For sale by McCue & Buss, The Druggists, two stores.

GOOD IN PIES, CAKES, PUDDINGS AND COOKIES

NONE SUCH MINCE MEAT

In 2-Pie 10c Packages with List of Valuable Premiums. HERRELL-SOULE CO. STACUS, NEW YORK

Choice of Fifty Tourist Coats at

\$10.00

Wednesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday.

A splendid collection of the popular coat of the season, the Tourist Coat, in a large range of fancy mixed tweeds and heavy suitings; also the plain colors such as navy and brown. The best styles of the year are in the lot and no such line is shown in town as you will find here today in this ten dollar assortment. The lengths of these coats are about 45 inches and all have full backs and are belted.—A few of them are shown in the Main street window and it's the best chance yet offered to select a new and nobby coat for a low price.

Simpson

DRY GOODS

United Wisconsin Conservatories of Music, MILWAUKEE, WIS.

EAST SIDE BRANCH, 358 Jefferson St. WEST SIDE BRANCH, 811 Grand Avenue. Music taught in all its branches by an able and experienced faculty. Private and class instruction. Modern methods. SPECIAL DEPARTMENT FEATURES, Public school instruction and School of Art and Opera. Reasonable tuition rates and free advantages. Dormitory connection. Write for illustrated catalogue.

JANESVILLE MARKET REPORT

Quotations on Grain and Produce Reported for the Gazette.

REPORTED BY F. A. SPOON & CO. Nov. 9, 1904.

Flour—1st Pat. at \$1.00 to \$1.05 2nd Pat. at \$1.05 to \$1.10 per sack. Winter wheat flour, \$1.05 to \$1.10. Wheat—No. 3 Winter, \$0.85 to \$0.90 No. 3 Spring, \$0.90 to \$0.95. Bye—By samples, at \$2.7

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION
Daily Edition—By Carrier
One Year, cash in advance \$6.00
One Year, cash in advance 5.00
Six Months, cash in advance 3.00
Three Months, cash in advance 1.50
Daily Edition—By Mail
CASH IN ADVANCE
One Year \$4.00
Six Months 2.00
Three Months 1.00
Business Office 77-2
Editorial Rooms 77-3



Threatening with showers tonight;
Thursday possibly snow flurries;
colder Thursday.

REPUBLICAN VICTORY

Republican victory all along the line is the result of yesterday's election and the size of majorities is the only thing left to determine. Roosevelt was so strong in New York that there was no question about the state when the vote of Greater New York was announced.

Indiana, claimed by the democrats, rolled up a good majority on the other side, and all the western states are in line.

The people have spoken and it is a splendid endorsement for the party in power.

There has never been any doubt about the electoral vote of Wisconsin, and neither the president nor national committee had occasion to worry.

THE GOVERNOR REELECTED

Governor La Follette is reelected by a decreased majority, and yet large enough to show that his administration is satisfactory to enough people to elect him. While it is true that majorities are not always right, it is also true that majorities rule under a republican form of government and while the conservative element of the party, which conscientiously opposed him, is disappointed at results, the men composing this element will submit gracefully to the inevitable.

This contingency forms the rank and file of old line republicans, and party loyalty has never been questioned and never will be. They voted against the governor because they believed it for the best interests of the state, in pursuing this policy they sacrificed neither citizenship nor principles, and they will continue to be an important factor in all that pertains to the best interests of the state.

THE PRIMARY LAW

While returns are incomplete the primary law has doubtless been adopted. This will give the administration full swing and it is just as well. If the law is as defective as many believe it to be, the sooner it is tested the better. The same people that adopted it can help to repeal it, and they will not hesitate to do so after it has been applied. The proof of the pudding is in the eating and the dish will be served at the next election.

THE LEGISLATURE

The democratic vote will be largely increased in the next legislature, and the question of Senator Quayle's successor is an open question. Any one of the three factions will hold the balance of power which may result in either a deadlock or compromise.

It is reasonably safe to assume that either a democrat or an administration candidate is most likely to win. This will also be a disappointment to the conservative element of the party.

SENATOR WHITEHEAD

There is no question about Senator Whitehead's election although his majority cannot be determined until tomorrow. He left was still counting split tickets at 9 o'clock this morning. The senator lost 250 straight republican votes in the city through ignorance in using the voting machines.

This was the number of votes cast for Seefeldt and the national congressional, legislative, and county ticket was not on this ballot. These were straight republican votes for the national republican state ticket, and the voters doubtless intended to vote the entire ticket.

It is fortunate for the county that Senator Whitehead will represent its interests for the next four years, and the state is also assured of an able representative.

The entire delegation, Norcross, Hanson, and Baker, is also elected, and this is fortunate for the county. The people have occasion to rejoice over the success of the national ticket, and four years more of prosperity is assured.

JAPANESE PATRIOTISM

The war now in progress in the far east is bringing out some national characteristics of the nations involved. Japan has always been regarded as a peacable nation. Her people are small in stature, modest in disposition and judging from the representatives that come to this country, they would be the last people in the world to pick a quarrel, or put up a strong defense, if attacked. But the Japanese in America and the Japanese on his own soil are different propositions. Americans admire patriotism and cultivate it in large degree. The national emblem, wherever unfurled, is recognized by the uncovered head, and its defenders are as numerous as the people which it protects. The flag is the emblem of empire, and the respect commanded and reverence displayed rivals in many instances,

the spirit of devotion accorded to Kings and Queens.

The people of Japan possess the same love of country, backed by religious zeal which amounts almost to fanaticism. The country and the Emperor are alike sacred, and they regard it a great honor to die in defense of both.

The Japanese soldier believes that he is being watched from the battlements of the unseen world by the ancient heroes of his race and his heart is inspired by sublime courage.

In times of greatest danger, he is calm and self-possessed, paying careful attention to the smallest details, and expecting death in the engagement which he is about to enter. A Japanese writer recently contributed an article to the Atlantic monthly, which well portrays the Oriental soldier in camp.

He says: "Every mail from the front brings some poems composed by them to their relations and friends at home. Admiral Togo gave commission to a merchant to send him some dwarfed trees in pots, to beguile his officers and men from the monotony of the sea. The men of another vessel drank Banzai! at seeing a branch of cherry flowers brought to them by the captain of a transport. A reconnoitering party which landed at a point in Manchuria brought back in addition to an accurate report, a bouquet of violets. Here is a soldier on the bank of the Yalu who picks some azalea flowers and sends them in a letter to his parents at home. He says he wants to share with them the pleasure of seeing the first flowers in Manchuria. Another soldier writes home, asking his brother to send him some books of poetry. Such are the men. Yet under this smooth surface there lies a terrible determination—a determination to win or die. To a friend's letter wishing for his safe return, 'I will cling to the word of my mother,' answered a soldier, 'and will either return in triumph or receive your offerings and hers at the Shokunsha.' When the victorious march upon Chiu-Hien-Cheng was about to be made, the soldiers, without any previous talk, changed their shirts and dusted their clothes, even to a man. What for? In order not to leave behind them unseemly corpses after they have left this world. This reminds us of the ancient Japanese warriors who used to perfume their helmets when they went to battle, in order not to give the enemy uncomely heads, if they fell in the battle, and thereby to show them that they had been fully prepared for death."

As a consequence of this intense patriotism, "the country of ten courtesans, flower arrangements, dancing, and fine arts transforms itself, at the sound of the bugle, into one vast camp, where every person, male or female, is ready to sacrifice everything, even life itself, for the furtherance of the common cause."

Viewed in this light, says this Japanese writer, the achievements already accomplished by Japan in the present war, become all natural to such a people. They appear wonderful only to those who have not understood her. "And of all nations the one that ought to have understood, and yet has grossly misunderstood her, is her present antagonist; and it is this misunderstanding on the part of her enemy that has given the general public an opportunity of discounting Japan's real military worth."

IS RUSSIA A CHRISTIAN NATION?

The claim is frequently made by good people in the country, that Russia is entitled to sympathy at the present time because she is a christian nation. The history of Russia is so foreign to anything that bears the title "Christian," that many people are skeptical as to the justice of the claim.

The Czar of Russia is an autocrat without a rival, and the blind obedience demanded makes his starving subjects some of the most abject type. His authority is largely due to religious fanaticism, and if there is anything Christian about it, it is difficult to explain.

The Review of Reviews contains an article on the subject, quoting freely from a recent communication from the pen of Professor Vladimir G. Smirnovitch of Columbia university in which he says of the religion of Russia.

"Byzantinism is the basic principle. Byzantinism is the nervous system of Russia. It stands for something very definite—politically, it is autocracy; religiously, it is Christianity with very distinct features, which allow no confusion with Western churches and with the teachings of heretics and dissenters. In matters of morals, it does not share the Western exaggerated notions of the value and importance of human personality. Byzantine ideal is also encouragement in regard to everything earthly including personal happiness, personal purity, and the possibility of personal moral perfection in general. Russian autocracy, Russian autocracy, Russian autocracy, developed under Byzantine influences, strict subordination; it teaches that the worldly, the political, the heavenly hierarchy. There is no equality, because the church teaches that even angels are not equal among themselves. Christianity is the surest and most practical means of ruling the masses of the people with an iron hand. Fear is the basis of the true faith. One who fears is humble, and seeks authority, and learns to love the authority above him. Organization

is chronic despotism, and true constructive progress lies in limiting, not authority, but freedom. Freedom and autocracy are what is disintegrating the world.

As to the autocrat himself, the famous Russian writer puts it in this way:

By his authority, the Russian Czar has the right to do everything except to limit his authority. He can never cease to be an autocrat. Anything that the Czar does is good and legal. His doings cannot be judged by the merits of the case; the pleasure of the supreme authority is the supreme criterion. He who cannot reason so many, under certain circumstances, in his private affairs, be an honest man, but he cannot be a true Russian.

One hundred thousand dollars worth of beets are already in the bins and on the track at the new sugar factory, and the crop has just commenced to come in. The land producing this crop would have yielded less than 25 per cent of this amount in cereals. That means four blades of grass where one grew before.

People complain about the Standard Oil Company as a grasping monopoly when the facts are that illuminating oil is sold at very close to the cost of production. The money made is on the by-products, which are very numerous, many of them belonging to the luxuries rather than the necessities of life.

Eighteen hours from the beet to the barrel, is the time required to turn out sugar at the new factory. With a capacity of 600 tons per day, this means about four carloads of sugar every 24 hours.

Senator Whitehead will continue to represent Rock county for the next four years. The republicanism of the county resented the insult offered by the Governor in a voice that could be understood.

With a long, cold winter close at hand, there will be ample time to cool off before the Governor starts his next campaign.

Many mistakes were made on the voting machines but the number of split tickets indicates that the voters intended to vote all right.

Wisconsin beets are running all the way from 12 to 14 per cent saccharine matter, which speaks well for Rock County soil, and the future of the industry.

Everybody gave a sigh of relief at the close of the campaign.

PRESS COMMENT.

Oshkosh Northwestern: It is easy enough for a girl to get the reputation of being well-bred when she has the dough.

Chicago Chronicle: The Japanese are becoming civilized at last. Minister Takahira has been operated upon for appendicitis.

El Paso Herald: Secretary Hay says the democratic party is "a fortuitous concourse of unrelated prejudices." Dear, dear, is it that bad?

Chicago Record-Herald: Tom Watson intimates that he intends to do some more running in 1908. If Tom doesn't watch out he will be laying himself open to the charge of professionalism.

Racine Journal: It is demonstrated whenever the American women want the suffrage right is will be forthcoming. Do they want it?

Racine News: Why shouldn't Boston be proud. She has 551 varieties of religion and only one way of serving beans on Sunday morning.

Boston Globe: We have no direct information on the subject, but we are inclined to think that that Port Arthur band must be giving its daily afternoon concerts now in the shy seclusions of a bomb-proof cave.

Boston Transcript: As if the eye were not a peapson with which every young woman is already expert, certain rules for an eye drill have recently been promulgated. It seems that the beauty of a woman's eyes lies not so much in their shape and color as in the way she uses them. Hence a long list of directions for rotating them so that the muscles may be best trained. Man never knows when he is safe.

Evansville Review: In estimating the cost of raising sugar beets, a farmer in the town of Fulton, after a careful computation has found that it costs \$81 to raise one acre, and this estimate does not include price of tools. Further he estimates that if he gets fifteen tons per acre he will receive \$77.50 to offset the cost, or something like \$3.50 in the hole. Evidently from this, beet culture is not a profitable crop.

Chicago Chronicle: General Stoessel's pathetic weekly farewells in the Czar, coupled with the tragic assurance that Port Arthur is his tomb, look at this distance less like the nerve resolve of a soldier than they do like fearful suggestions that he ought to be told to surrender the place, at least if he thought it would soon fall anyway. If this is his game it is a losing one. St. Petersburg willingly credits him with great heroism, but coolly says nothing about surrender.

St. Paul Globe: The city has always prided itself upon its culture, but it is the "Filly Olson" drama that enjoys a profitable week's run and an Irving performance that does not pay expenses. And musical entertainments fare no better. The individual who does "stunts" with fiddle or piano may count on a fair

audience at least, but a Thomas orchestra wastes its symphonies on practically empty houses. It has come to pass, indeed, that we receive most of our musical enjoyment in Minneapolis.

Hartford Courant: Possibly these "distinguished noblemen" who, according to the press dispatches, crossed the ocean with Buffalo Bill and are with him now, are taking for granted all the stirring experiences they have run up against. It is conceivable that they think they are right in the usual swim of events in these United States. Going out to hunt for bears and elk, they have come upon a bank robbery and are asked to join in a man hunt, where the reward is double for the robbers dead, and as they start off on this expedition they encounter the divorce case of Buffalo Bill himself, who is brave enough to hunt murderers, but begs the court to relieve him of matrimony on the ground that his wife is cruel to him and he cannot bear it. Murderers at large hunted by armed sportsmen and divorce proceedings accompanying the hunt suggest the spice that enlivens American life.

SOME WOMEN ARE POOR—

Because even as their incomes increase their wants become more numerous.

They do not keep an account of how much they spend.

They do not watch the waste in the kitchen.

They indulge their tastes too fully.

They allow their children to form extravagant tastes and habits which must be catered to at all cost.

They allow themselves to be imposed upon.

They have too great a regard for appearances.

Above all, they have never been brought up to appreciate the true value of money.

REFLECTIONS OF A BACHELOR.

Half of a woman's beauty is complexion and nine-tenths of her figure clothes.

Some girls are so modest they can't gain a few pounds without blushing about it.

A man has a bad temper when he is not proud that the baby can yell with such healthy lungs.

There isn't any difference in the financial result between a man running for office and going to the races.

Once there was a girl who didn't think she could sing, but she got married right away and had children that she thought could.—New York Press.

Use Imperial Stamps.

Four countries—Bavaria, Austria, Wurtemberg and Switzerland—border on the lake of Constance. Passengers on the boats have heretofore had much trouble in finding out what stamps to use on their letters. It has now been decided that letters mailed on the boats may bear the stamps of any one of the four countries named as well as German imperial stamps.

Tribute to Her Vanity.

After a woman reaches a certain age, she may regard it as a compliment for a man to attempt to flirt with her, even if she does not wish to engage in the game.—Atchison Globe.

"The Biter Bit."

With a view of having them burnt, Bishop Tonstall hired an agent to buy up Tyndale's works. The agent was in league with Tyndale, and such extravagant prices were paid that Tyndale was enabled to produce a second edition. When the facts were related to Bishop Tonstall, he exclaimed: "It is the biter bit!" And the phrase has been handed down to posterity.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY

A BAD case of skin never gets better of itself. Doctor with Berlin Skin Cream, solving healthy, satin skin.

FOR SALE

Luxury home, 1700 lbs. 3 years old. Payment and Remittance.

FOR SALE

Lot in good location 1st ward. 4 north 300,000 price \$250. On time easy payments. E. W. Lewis, Carpenter Black.

FOUR-FIFTHS OF THE

WORLD'S BREAKFAST

consists of pancakes and coffee. Four-fifths of the particular eaters of Janesville are using our famous Richelleu Coffee, which cannot be equalled for aroma and flavor.

Orlele Pancake Flour

is something new, everyone who has tried it pronounces it excellent. We are sole agents for this territory.

FREDENDALL'S

GROCERY.

"We Study To Please."



What does the Breakfast-Bell mean in your household---

Light, wholesome Biscuit made with PRICE'S Baking Powder?

or unwholesome food made with an alum baking powder?

It is worth your while to inquire.

SENTENCE SERMONS.

The worst bankruptcy is to lose heart.

The best way to silence conscience is to obey it.

A stiff neck is often found under a jelly-like head.

It's a waste of energy to spur a rocking horse.

Filling the hands will not stop the ache in the heart.

Earth's harvests come from seed thrown out to die.

People who hope for the best do most to secure it.

Self-conceit knows nothing more eloquent than an echo.

The trouble with little sins is that they never stay that way.

A good man is guided more by self-reproach than by reproof.

The religion that scatters sunshine is never wholly moonshine.

Count your mercies as you do your money and you will never be poor.

It is love that enlarges the least deed and self that shrinks the greatest.

It's no use praying for peace when you are tickling the business end of a mule.

Tell your children white lies, and

they will soon hand you back the other color.

Some men think they are not saying anything pointed unless they are stabbing another.

When the preacher's heart is full of salary his sermon is likely to be short on salt.

He is likely to have the most religion who allows others the largest liberty in religion.

They who let their feelings govern their faith generally let their greed govern their gifts.

Many men run so hard to win the cake life offers as a prize that they shake out all their teeth long before they reach it.—Chicago Tribune.

FLEECE.

The only rich man is he whose healthful appetite turns necessities into luxuries.

First love is like champagne—the intoxication is glorious, but beware of the getting sober.

There are heaps of people in this world so good that it is a deal easier to die for them than to live with them.

An honest man is still "the loneliest work of God," with the woman who has not worn a pompadour a close second.

The bridegroom who thinks he is marrying an angel sometimes wishes, before six months are out, that his angel had wings.

Greatest Waist Purchase

In Our History.

The most fortunate purchase of 150 Waists, in silk crepe de chine and all over lace enables us to offer choice of the entire line at one price

\$2.98.

The waists are all this season's styles and the price represents a very small part of their real value.

10 Silk Shirt Waist Suits

were received with this purchase and we offer some remarkable values.

Correct Fall and Winter Coats

Every day we receive new and correct models.

Tourist Coats--Fall and

winter weights, finely tailored, \$7 1-2, \$10, \$12 1-2, \$13.50, \$15 and up to \$25.

Rain Coats--New arrivals

in the very latest style effects in Oxford, tan and modes, \$12.50 and \$15.

Wool Shirt Waist Suits

A sample line of these useful dresses for general wear in plain and fancy mixtures. Price—

\$7.50 to \$15.

Circle 100

PAY GOODS, CLOTHES, HATS, ETC.

Circle 100

PAY GOODS, CLOTHES, HATS, ETC.

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Circle 100

HOW THE PEOPLE HEARD RETURNS

GAZETTE OFFICE NOTIFIED SEVERAL THOUSAND.

CITY RETURNS ARE QUICK

Results Were Known Fifteen Minutes After the Last Vote Was Cast.

Several thousand people enjoyed the election returns at the Gazette office last evening. The first official news that Roosevelt had carried New York state by a large majority was thrown onto the screen in front of the office shortly before seven. From that time until one o'clock the lantern continued to throw the cheering news of Roosevelt's landslide. Then, when the lantern was shut off, they were reluctant to go home and many of them to the editorial rooms and staid until the lights were put out and the doors locked at three o'clock.

The returns from the state were meagre. Despite the fact the Gazette had the best arrangements it had ever made for receiving them, they did not come in as fast as was expected. A correspondent in each county had instructions to file returns as early as possible, but the tickets were so split up that it was impossible to count them or get any estimate beyond a few guesses. At noon today they were not through counting the returns in many of the towns in Rock county and it is doubtful if the true majorities will be known for several days.

By Telephone. The Gazette had a special long distance telephone connection direct with New York via Milwaukee and the returns of the whole country were taken down by stenographers as fast as dictated. In this way Janesville was able to know the results in New York state as soon as the people in Buffalo did. To add this service a special report was received from the Western Union Telegraph company and numerous long distance telephone messages from Milwaukee and Madison. Some parts of the state have not been heard from yet and others sent their reports early this morning.

In the City. Owing to the fact that Janesville voted by machines the returns of the whole city were made public before eight o'clock. The first ward to be received in the office was the third, fourteen minutes after the polls closed. Then followed the first, second, and fifth in rapid succession. The second was delayed in transmission, but the result of the entire city was all known by half-past seven. Talking, for example, the fact three wards of Beloit where the ballot was used the returns were not complete at noon today; the same is true of Evansville. Janesville was way ahead of the state.

City of Janesville

| PLURALITIES | PA | 12 | 15 | 18 | 21 | TOTAL |
|-----------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| Roosevelt | 200 | 165 | 151 | 90 | 765 | |
| Peck | 85 | 4 | 26 | 142 | 235 | |
| Cooper | 186 | 130 | 213 | 30 | 54 | |
| Stewart | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | |
| Whithead | 62 | 7 | 155 | 17 | | |
| Richmond | 81 | 133 | 17 | | | |
| Norcross | 123 | 44 | 237 | 276 | | |
| St. John | 44 | 81 | | | | |
| Lee | 209 | 120 | 417 | 579 | | |
| Burns | 95 | 129 | 129 | 129 | | |
| Smith | 192 | 121 | 310 | 21 | 448 | |
| Zull | 129 | 129 | 129 | 129 | | |
| Cochrane | 158 | 115 | 229 | 187 | | |
| Brinkman | 19 | 7 | 33 | 14 | | |
| Parker | 19 | 7 | 33 | 14 | | |
| Maxon | 19 | 7 | 33 | 14 | | |
| Stevens | 197 | 121 | 236 | 15 | 583 | |
| DeVos | 19 | 7 | 33 | 14 | | |
| Newhouse | 199 | 126 | 314 | 20 | 445 | |
| Cleary | 199 | 131 | 318 | 21 | 530 | |
| Wetrick | 199 | 131 | 318 | 21 | 530 | |
| Goodrich | 199 | 131 | 318 | 21 | 530 | |
| Kerch | 199 | 131 | 318 | 21 | 530 | |
| Ac't primary | 25 | 75 | 59 | 21 | 188 | |
| For primary | 25 | 75 | 59 | 21 | 188 | |
| Scottfield vote | 55 | 38 | 69 | 44 | 206 | |

NEWS ABOUT TOWN.

Picnic Tea: The Women's Missionary societies of the Congregational church will meet Thursday afternoon at three o'clock. Picnic tea will be served. The following is the program: Industrial Mission—Mrs. Reynolds, Mrs. Belland; American Indians—Mrs. Ford, Mrs. Gibbs.

On Hunting Trip: The party consisting of Drs. Pierce, Chittenden, Powell, Hart, and Edden departed yesterday for their deer hunting trip in Sawyer county.

Pleasant Surprise: At her home on South Jackson street last evening, City Missionary Mary Kimball was surprised by a number of ladies, bringing with them well-filled baskets and an abundance of good things to eat. An elegant supper was served and for days to come Mrs. Kimball will remember the hours so pleasantly spent in friendly greetings and many wishes expressed for many happy returns of the occasion, which was the anniversary of her birthday.

Complaints of Sewer: Dr. Horn complains that the plants used in constructing a sewer dam at the outlet of the temporary sanitary sewer on Park street, have never been removed and that the consequent blocking of the sewage has made the entire locality offensive.

Left for California: Last evening J. C. Harlow was pleasantly surprised by a few friends who came unbidden to wish him a pleasant trip. Mr. Harlow left this morning for Chicago and leaves there this evening over the Santa Fe road for California. He has been chief clerk in charge of railway postal car service for more than twenty-five years and the vacation is a much needed one. He will visit in San Francisco with his mother, E. H. Harlow, master mechanic of the Santa Fe at San Francisco, and enjoy a month of sight-seeing with his son John who is also in the employ of the Santa Fe.

BOLD THIEF MAY FALL INTO TOILS

Individual Who Snatched Purse From Maud Donnett May Yet Be Run Down.

It is possible that the thief who snatched the hand-bag from Miss Maud Donnett near the Filled lumber yard may yet be brought to justice. Suspicious attach to a sixteen-year-old boy in the fifth ward who is said to have been seen, with a number of companions, dogging the footsteps of the young lady just before the bold robbery was committed. Employees of the Benson & Lane bakery had an opportunity to closely scrutinize these lads as they passed that place. Miss Donnett is not certain, however, that she will be able to identify the person.

BRIEF BITS OF LOCAL NEWS

Eagle and Challenge milk. Nash. For clothing "Talk to Lowell." Malaga grapes. Nash. Bargains in overcoats. "Talk to Lowell."

Fresh ham, roasts, pork, 10c. Nash. We have purchased the sample line of ladies' misses' and children's cloaks, skirts and suits that was on exhibition Saturday at our store, T. P. Burns.

Plum, ham, 2c. Nash. The members of the Janesville Art league will hold a social meeting in the Caledonian rooms Friday, Nov. 11th at 2:30.

Sweet cider, 25c gal. Nash. The sewing circle of the Laurel Lodge will meet at the home of Mrs. Chas. Murphy at Jeffers flats, Corner Stone, 11.60. Nash.

The Married Ladies' sodality of St. Mary's church will give a supper at Forester hall, Wednesday, Nov. 16th. Closing out all broken lines of wall-paper cheap. J. H. Myers. Cakes, 10c. Nash.

Just received, a new line of the latest designs in picture moulding. Bring in your pictures and have them framed; cheaply, picture-framing house in Janesville. J. H. Myers. G. G. cookies, doughnuts, bread.

The King's Daughters of the Baptist church will meet Thursday morning at nine o'clock for work; picnic dinner.

All members of the Forester team are requested to attend the special Woodman meeting tonight. E. C. Jones, Capt.

People who have passed the show window of F. C. Cook & Co. recently have commented on the beautiful display of ladies' toilet cases shown. The rich designs and handsome finish are unequalled by anything brought to the city this season and would add grace to the dressing table of any lady's apartment.

THE DEATH ANGEL SUMMONS PIONEER

Mrs. William Kennedy, for Forty Years Resident of Johnston, Died Early This Morning.

At 1:40 this morning Mrs. William Kennedy passed away at the home of her daughter at 202 North Bluff street. Mrs. Kennedy was one of the pioneer residents of the county and for forty years she has made her home in Johnston, where she has ever been held in high esteem and respect and beloved by all. She leaves to mourn her loss: a husband; five daughters, Mrs. George Kiddor, Mrs. John Minogue, Sister Meedee, Mary and Elizabeth Kennedy; and two sons, John and William Kennedy. Notice of the funeral will be given later.

A DEMONSTRATION OF APPRECIATION

Members of the Local Union W. C. T. U. Surprise Mr. and Mrs. Athon on Wedding Anniversary.

On Tuesday evening the local union of the W. C. T. U. happily surprised Mr. and Mrs. Athon at their home on Highland avenue. After a bountiful supper was served, Mrs. Athon with a few well chosen words in behalf of the members of the union presented them with a chair. The day was the 14th anniversary of their wedding and the ladies took this occasion to express their appreciation of Mrs. Athon's faithful and efficient work in the past. Mrs. Vic Campbell from Evansville and Mrs. Pressor from Clinton were present.

Asked for Examination: Frank O'Gar, charged with burglary, appeared in municipal court this morning and asked for an examination. The hearing was set for Nov. 18.

A Strike That Wins. Pennsylvania women suffragists say that wives should refuse to cook for husbands who will not aid them to win the right to vote. If their advice is taken many husbands will be made happy and healthful and the hotels will prosper.

Artificial Indigo Hurts Trade. Owing to use of artificial indigo manufactured in Germany the production of natural indigo has greatly diminished in East India. The latter country last year exported only 65,000 hundredweight of this article, against 170,000 hundredweight in 1897.

Patagonian Women Well Treated. The women of Patagonia work hard, but are not maltreated. On the contrary, a husband considers it his duty to defend his wife in any dispute to which she may be a party, and when he beats her it is done in the privacy of the home. In public he always treats her well.

Plant Furnishes Ink. The ink plant of New Granada is a curiosity. The juice of it can be used as ink without any preparation. At first the writing is red, but after a few hours it changes to black.

ROCK COUNTY IS ALL REPUBLICAN

COUNTY TICKET WINS BY HAND SOME MAJORITY.

EVERY CANDIDATE ELECTED

Returns Are Not Yet All In, But Plurality Is Estimated at Twenty-Five Hundred.

Rock county has elected the republican county ticket by pluralities which will run into the three thousand figures. All the returns are not yet in. The great scratching of tickets has made it difficult for the election supervisors to figure the results with any great speed and in Evansville and Beloit they were up to noon in doubt as to just who had been elected and by what pluralities.

Safe Margins. It is, however, safe to say that the county ticket will go in by a majority of twenty-five hundred with some of the candidates running above the three thousand mark. Roosevelt is included in the republican majorities, while La Follette will run decidedly behind his ticket.

At Evansville. supposed to be the hot-bed of the opposition, Whitehead, Barker and every republican received a handsome endorsement. Rock county is republican. The ticket was nominated before the state fight divided the republican party and they are representing republicans. The fight on Senator Whitehead was as was the cut on Cochrane, but both won out by nice comfortable majorities.

At 3:30 twenty-one precincts out of thirty-nine gave the following vote in the county:

President—Roosevelt, R. 5832.
President—Parker, D. 1518.
Governor—La Follette, R. 4580.
Governor—Peck, D. 4042.
Senator—Whitehead, R. 4816.
Senator—Richmond, D. 3197.
County clerk—Lee, R. 4699.
County clerk—Burns, D. 2018.
Treasurer—Smith, R. 4516.
Treasurer—Zull, D. 1544.
Sheriff—Cochrane, R. 5524.
Sheriff—Brinkman, D. 2397.
Clerk of court—Stevens, R. 4900.
Clerk of court—Davies, D. 1902.
District Atty.—Newhouse, R. 4852.
District Atty.—Cleary, D. 1581.
Reg. of deeds—Goodrich, R. 4848.
Reg. of deeds—Goodrich, D. 1856.

TUMULT DIED JUST BEFORE THE DAWN

Everybody Had a Good Time Last Evening—Stereoscopic Picture Shows and Parade.

Voters of all faiths had a good time last evening. There were large crowds at the Myers theatre and the Coliseum and a great concourse of people watched the returns thrown upon the screen opposite the Gazette office. The American Amusement Co., Charles E. Green manager, had charge of the entertainment at the Coliseum. Owing to the sickness of one of the members, the illustrated songs could not be given. But the moving pictures pleased mightily. There were 1,000 feet of films with sixteen different subjects. All were excellent but the 600 foot film of the "Indian's Revenge" was unusually fine. After all the returns that seemed to be coming were in, the exciting administration men secured an impromptu brass band and fireworks and proceeded to the home of M. G. Jeffers. This was about three in the morning and Mr. Jeffers, aroused from his slumbers, either inadvertently or in feigned innocence mistook the nature of the demonstration and issuing from his door congratulated the crowd on the election of Peck. C. B. Conrad and others, thereupon, gently remonstrated and in eloquent remarks assured Mr. Jeffers of their eternal friendship, at the same time expressing a desire to correct any wrong impression he might be entertaining as to the cause of the celebration. After the elaborate correction had been made, the parade, headed by the Dudley automobile, swept down to interrupt the slumbers of other prominent anti-administration republicans. The Grand hotel plaza was the scene of the final festivities. Henry Litkow acted as master of ceremonies and introduced Ex-Mayor Victor P. Richardson who offered golden tributes to the successful candidate and predicted that he would be the nominee for president of United States in 1908. Charles Pierce paid his respects to the railroads and Landlord John Sweeney said he was a democrat but that the election of "Bob" was with his unqualified approval. Dr. Roberts and C. B. Conrad were likewise rejoiced. Victor Draht was introduced as "one of those terrible and dangerous game wardens" and gave a very stirring plea for the wild birds and beasts of the forests and their protectors. After the speechmaking the celebration became general and it was four this morning before all the tumult and the shouting died.

Weight of Water. A gallon of distilled water weighs 10 pounds, or sea water 10 1/2 pounds. Of Dead sea water 12 pounds. There are 8 1/2 pounds of salt in every 100 pounds of Dead sea water to 2 1/2 in ordinary sea water.

Buy Dancing Privileges. A custom that has existed for some centuries is still maintained in certain towns on the lower Rhine. Early in the year—on election day—the town clerk or clerk calls all the young people together and, having chosen a traditive maidens, sells to the highest bidder the privilege of dancing with them, and them only, during the entire year. The fees go into the public poor box.

Röntgen Rays Cause Injury. A Lemberg doctor who experimented on a hospital porter with Röntgen rays had to pay \$2,500 for the permanent injuries he caused.

ROYAL NEIGHBORS ARE ENTERTAINING

Attempts to Notify Guests of Postponement Fail—All Available Means Are Tried.

This afternoon and evening the Crystal camp of the Royal Neighbors are entertaining Glenn Camp No. 29 of Evansville and No. 155 of Rockford. On account of the death of Neighbor Sherman Fisher it was decided to postpone the banquet but being unable to notify the expected guests in time the banquet will be given in the honor of the out-of-town camps this evening. Every available means were tried by the officers of the order to give notification to the guests but all attempts failed.

TREMOR PATIENT IS BROUGHT HERE

Joe MacDonald of Beloit, Was Taken to the Rock County Farm This Morning.

Joe MacDonald of Beloit was brought here this morning over the interurban and taken by Russell's ambulance to the county farm north of the city. He was suffering from a case of delirium tremens, and though not in a critical condition at the time he was unable to control his body and only with difficulty and great pain to him could he be removed from the stretcher on which he lay in the car to the ambulance.

FUNERAL SERVICES FOR S. M. FISHER

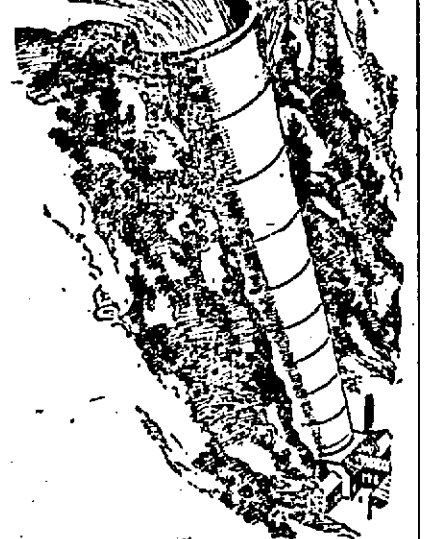
Will Be Held From Residence at Two Tomorrow—Friends From Many Cities Coming.

Announcement of the death of Sherman Fisher has been sent to the captains of the Madison, Rockford, and Beloit teams belonging to the Modern Woodmen drill team battalion which visited the world's fair this summer, and it is thought that many members will be present at the funeral services which are to be held from the residence at two o'clock tomorrow afternoon. Rev. Vaughan officiating. A delegation of Beloit Foresters in uniform will attend and the services at the grave will be under the Woodmen ritual. Officers of Florence Camp No. 356—Charles H. Eller, F. H. Farnsworth, J. W. Van Deynham, O. S. Morse, F. P. Starr, and A. J. Badger—will act as pallbearers. There will be a special meeting of the Woodmen at 7:30 this evening to make arrangements for the funeral. The late Sherman Fisher had been clerk of the local lodge for the past three years.

BUILD THEIR OWN WATERFALL.

Colorado Citizens to Make Improvement on Nature.

In Colorado nature has given the people no Niagara; to harness so as to get electricity for power and lighting purposes, but a little thing like that does not cease the energetic Westerners. They are going to build



Precipice Over Which Converted Torrent is to Fall, Through a Steel Stack 997 Feet High, Upon Power Wheels that Will Convert Its Energy into Electricity.

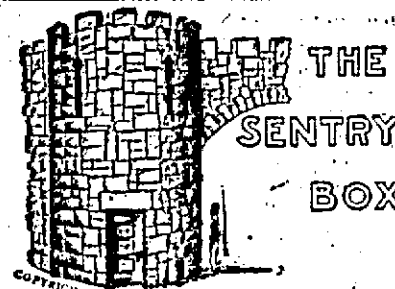
themselves some artificial Niagara. The first is now in course of construction.

As an engineering feat it has decidedly novel features. Two or three rivers are to be lifted bodily, so to speak, from their beds and transferred to canals, which will feed an immense reservoir. From this reservoir the water will be carried through another canal and dropped through great pipes over the edge of a precipice 1,600 feet high. The power house in which the electricity will be generated will be situated at the foot of the precipice. Ultimately it will have a capacity of about 40,000 horse power.

The site is twenty-four miles from Silverton, in Southern Colorado. The initial cost of the undertaking will approximate \$1,000,000, while the ultimate plan will involve an expenditure of about \$3,000,000.

Heart Beats. The case of a healthy man of 61 whose heart beats only 30 times a minute, the normal rate being from 70 to 80, has been recorded by Dr. Selfert of Berlin. In another case reported, the beats numbered only 22, but the patient was suffering from heart disease.

Also on Careful who sees him. When a man squeezes a girl's hand under the table he should be careful it is not some other girl's.—New York Press.



THE SENTRY BOX

Competition in Farm Products. Agriculture is our leading industry and the basis of all our commercial, financial and industrial prosperity. Consequently, not farmers alone, but all classes of people are concerned in the development of our farming interests, and the Sentry feels justified in the occasional discussion of its important features.

That the United States is soon to find a formidable competitor for its long unchallenged supremacy in becoming manifest to the thoughtful and discerning. Some recently published figures, for example, show how rapidly Canada is advancing in the production of grain.

In 1900 the wheat crop of western Canada was not over 20,000 bushels, but in 1903 it was about 80,000,000 bushels. A vast area, estimated at 13,000,000 acres is suitable for wheat. On this area, at Manitoba's rate of production, the crop should be over 800,000,000 bushels, or much more than the United States produces.

The yield is high in Canada, often reaching 25 bushels to the acre. In 1903 the average was for the United States 12.9 bushels per acre, for Minnesota, 13.1 bushels, for northwest Canada, 19 bushels, and for Manitoba, 16.3 bushels. Besides wheat, other grains are largely produced, as, for example, 10,000,000 bushels of oats and 1,000,000 of barley. Development is rapid, since farmers in the United States are selling their high-priced land to invest in the cheaper virgin soil of the northwest.

"We may therefore expect," is the assertion made in a paper read at the National Grain Dealers' association at Milwaukee, "within a comparatively few years to see the United States give place to Canada as the chief wheat-producing country of the world."

It will take time; it will require a lot of railway building and a great influx of population and rapid general development to bring this about. But evidently it is coming. Emigrants of whom about one-third are Americans, are pouring into western Canada at the rate of more than 100,000 a year, a large amount of railway is being built and a second transcontinental line, the Grand Trunk Pacific, will soon be under construction.

Canada's new schemes for the construction of another transcontinental rail are inspired by belief in the immense agricultural resources of her northwestern territory.

Whether the swift-flowing Americanization of the Canadian north-west shall lead to closer trade relations or to actual annexation, we may be assured that our people will in the end get most of the benefit from this development of a new and distinct area, heretofore mostly disregarded in the measurements of our country's resources.

The United States may, in the future, produce relatively less wheat, but there and perhaps more profitable products will take its place. The process has been going on for several decades, as the center of wheat production has marched steadily westward, only to be replaced by diversified agriculture, fruit-growing, dairying, stock-raising, etc.

If the ultimate home of the wheat-plant shall be found in the fertile valleys of the Saskatchewan and the Assiniboine, where, under a familiar botanical law, it reaches its highest perfection, near the most northern limit of its growth, our own farms will be all the more profitable from the better paying products which supplant it, as well as from the vast, new markets created for these products, in latitudes too cold for their successful introduction.

Our home consumption of wheat for food is over five bushels a year for each of our 80,000,000 people. The per capita consumption of this food is steadily increasing—due perhaps to the fact that higher prices for meats stimulate the consumption of the cereals. If, hereafter, Canada shall supply a part of this wheat, while our farmers devote their attention to crops that yield better cash returns, who shall say that we are the losers?

During the past three years, while our exports have averaged fourteen hundred million dollars, the farmers have furnished about nine hundred million dollars' worth of the products sent abroad. These exports have been the sheet-anchor of our financial safety in this era of inflation and speculation.

If Canada now comes in as a competitor, we may rest assured that one way or another, we will derive the lion's share of the benefit. Every emigrant from the United States to the new Canadian north-west makes the bond between the countries stronger. Our fellow countrymen go as peaceful conquerors. They may return to the American union some day, without leaving their new homes, and bringing a magnificent domain with them.

THE SENTRY. Note—Responsibility for the opinions and utterances of "The Sentry" is assumed by the Sentry Box Bureau, of 225 Vermont avenue, Washington, D. C.

An Invitation. We extend a cordial invitation to all our friends and acquaintances to be present at the basement of the Norwegian Lutheran church, Nov. 10th, for supper to be served by the gentlemen of the church. There will be a charge of 25c for adults and 15c for children. Supper to be served from 6 to 8 p. m. Program after supper. Everybody is cordially invited.

Leaves for Milwaukee: Don Farnsworth leaves this morning for Milwaukee where he will attend the annual meeting of the Wisconsin Industrial and Mercantile association of which he is treasurer. Dennis Hayes and Stanley Smith will leave tomorrow morning. The meeting is to be held at 2 p. m. at the University building.

A WATER HEATER BECAME RED HOT

And Nearly Fired the Residence of Ogden H. Fethers—Left Burning with Water Shut Off.

A red hot instantaneous water heater left for an entire evening with the gas burning and the water turned off in a bathroom of the residence of Ogden H. Fethers Monday evening, nearly set the house afire, when Mr. Fethers chanced to pass by the door late in the evening he became aware of a strong odor of burning pitch. Upon investigation he found that portions of the wood-work near the heater which were not badly charred were boiling and sizzling with pitch. The heater had the appearance of the interior of a coal stove running at full blast and the wonder is that the house was not fired several hours before the discovery was made.

NEWS OF A PERSONAL NATURE

Miss Matilda Vanderlyn has resumed her duties as night operator in the Wisconsin Telephone Co.'s office, after a brief illness.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Kelley and Miss Mary McDonald of Beloit were visitors in the city yesterday.

Harlan E. Gary is in Shemington, Wis., on business.

Mr. and Mrs. E. E. Nash are visitors in Milwaukee.

J. W. Bates of Beloit transacted business in the city today.

Fred Mohr was returned from Hanover where he has been for a few weeks.

Ira Fisher of Evansville is in the city, called here by the death of his brother, the late Sherman Fisher.

Mrs. Dr. M. B. Sherman who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. Laura E. Burr, in this city for the past two months, left this morning for her home in Washington, D. C.

Mrs. A. Cooper of Cleveland, Ohio, who has been visiting her nephew, Louis Levy, in the city for several days, left this morning on her return trip.

Charles Burke of Monroe was a Janesville visitor today.

J. A. Dollinger transacted business in Milwaukee yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. R. Jones were Milwaukee visitors yesterday.

Waldo Fuller of Monroe was a Janesville visitor yesterday.

CHICAGO MARKETS

From B. W. Frank & Co., 4204 Jackson Block, Janesville. G. Scarell Resident Manager.

| WHEAT | Open | High | Low | Close |
|-------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| May | 112 3/4 | 113 1/4 | 112 1/2 | 112 3/4 |
| Dec. | 112 1/2 | 113 1/4 | 112 1/2 | 112 1/2 |

| CORN | Open | High | Low | Close |
|------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| May | 44 1/4 | 47 | 44 1/4 | 44 1/2 |
| Dec. | 40 1/4 | 42 1/4 | 40 1/4 | 41 1/4 |

| SOY BEANS | Open | High | Low | Close |
|-----------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| May | 31 1/4 | 31 1/4 | 31 1/4 | 31 1/4 |
| Dec. | 29 | 29 1/4 | 29 | 29 1/4 |

| RYE | Open | High | Low | Close |
|------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| May | 12 1/2 | 12 1/2 | 12 1/2 | 12 1/2 |
| Dec. | 12 1/2 | 12 1/2 | 12 1/2 | 12 1/2 |

| BARLEY | Open | High | Low | Close |
|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| May | 12 1/2 | 12 1/2 | 12 1/2 | 12 1/2 |
| Dec. | 12 1/2 | 12 1/2 | 12 1/2 | 12 1/2 |

| WHEAT | Open | High | Low | Close |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| May | 6 5/8 | 6 5/8 | 6 5/8 | 6 5/8 |
| Dec. | 6 1/2 | 6 1/2 | 6 1/2 | 6 1/2 |

| CORN | Open | High | Low | Close |
|------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| May | 10 1/2 | 10 1/2 | 10 1/2 | 10 1/2 |
| Dec. | 10 1/2 | 10 1/2 | 10 1/2 | 10 1/2 |

| SOY BEANS | Open | High | Low | Close |
|-----------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| May | 11 1/2 | 11 1/2 | 11 1/2 | 11 1/2 |
| Dec. | 11 1/2 | 11 1/2 | 11 1/2 | 11 1/2 |

| RYE | Open | High | Low | Close |
|------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| May | 11 1/2 | 11 1/2 | 11 1/2 | 11 1/2 |
| Dec. | 11 1/2 | 11 1/2 | 11 1/2 | 11 1/2 |

COUNTY NEWS

PLYMOUTH

Plymouth, Nov. 3.—Shredding corn is the chief occupation of the day.

The M. E. church was not well attended Sunday afternoon.

Miss Ada Emerson returned home after a pleasant visit to St. Louis and Chicago.

Mrs. Buskirk and Mrs. Selmer from Iowa are visiting relatives and friends in this vicinity.

Miss Cora Whelmeny of Jancsville visited relatives and friends the past week.

Miss Pearl McIntosh visited with Miss Agnes Tews Saturday and Sunday.

Miss Livia Rabyor visited in Jancsville a few days last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Jean Clark of Beloit Sundayed with Frew Tews and family.

A number of friends spent a very pleasant evening with Misses Then and Bertha Hanson Sunday.

BARKER'S CORNERS

Barker's Corners, Nov. 3.—The Ladies Aid Society meets this week on Thursday with Mrs. Charles Shoemaker, everybody come and enjoy a good time.

Quarterly meeting will be held at the V. B. church Saturday and Sunday of this week. Presiding elder, Whitney will be with us. Preaching Saturday evening and Sunday morning and evening.

Danger is always at hand. Saturday morning George Havens was thrown from a horse and received injuries to the brain. Dr. Woods of Jancsville was called and he is resting easier at the present writing.

Mr. and Mrs. Guy Griffey of Milwaukee spent Sunday at W. H. Taylor's.

Mrs. A. G. Russell and Mrs. J. R. Flagler called in this vicinity Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. West VanHise called at More Havens Sunday.

Miss Julia Dutton who teaches at Elberton is home the past week sick.

Miss Flora McDermott spent Sunday in Burr Oak.

NORTH JOHNSTOWN

North Johnstown, Nov. 3.—Miss Jennie Roe has recently returned from her stay in Chicago.

Miss Caroline Johnson of Lima visited Mrs. Jones the first of the week.

Miss Grace Killam is spending a week in Jancsville.

Mrs. O. N. Bovins is with her mother Mrs. Peckham of Milton Junction.

Mrs. Emery Carey took tea with Mrs. W. H. Newton Wednesday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. James Clark spent Sunday with friends at Rock Prairie.

Mr. Frank Shuman's family of Koshkonong attended church here Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. James Shumway spent Monday in Jancsville.

Miss Ada Killam has returned from her trip to Mosine, Wis.

Mrs. Dora White and Mrs. Phil Trautman of Whitewater spent Sunday at C. B. Palmer's.

Mrs. George Kenyon of Richland, Mr. and Mrs. Merton Saxe of Lima spent Tuesday with Mrs. E. J. Bovins.

Mr. and Mrs. James Godfrey attended church at Rock Prairie Sunday and took dinner at L. L. Vickers'.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Schultz made a business trip to Jancsville Thursday.

Rev. I. S. Jones spent a part of last week in Indiana, and Mrs. Emery Carey remained with Mrs. Jones during his absence.

Mr. and Mrs. R. P. Killam spent Sunday at W. R. Thorpes in Milton Junction.

Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Shumway of Jancsville spent Sunday with her parents here.

Mr. and Mrs. Leslie Godfrey also Mr. and Mrs. James Godfrey attended the Roe-Godfrey wedding in Lima last Wednesday evening.

Mr. Wm. Zull was calling in our vicinity last Friday.

Father Goebel of Jancsville was called to the bedside of Mr. Martin Joyce, Sr., last Wednesday morning.

The Y. P. S. E. society will give an

oyster supper Friday evening, Nov. 18th at the home of Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Bovins. Oyster suppers in this locality are always a success and this is to be no exception. All are cordially invited.

JOHNSTOWN

Johnstown, Nov. 3.—The customary results of a night of Halloween pranks were in evidence Friday morning, the boys had a busy time of it, judging from the amount of movable property which had been variously displaced during the night. We have not learned that any serious damage was done in any instance.

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Hull visited at Jancsville last week at the home of their grandson H. E. Cary.

Mr. and Mrs. S. Godfrey attended the wedding of their niece Miss Hester Godfrey and Ogden Roe of North Lima Wednesday evening.

James Hurlburt made a business trip to Winneconne last week.

Otto Schmaling has given up his position in the creamery and will attend the university at Madison this winter.

Arcl Gessler has employment with the creamery at present.

Mrs. Ludwig Weldenhoff of White-water is helping care for her little grandson and says he is the best of his kind.

James Hurlburt and family have decided to move next week on a farm near Winneconne. May they prosper in their new home is the wish of their friends.

Miss Florence Main will close her school this week Friday.

Mrs. W. G. Cook and daughters spent Sunday at Will Jones.

Mrs. Lola Cummings entertained Sunday in honor of Carlbel's tenth birthday.

Our winter school will commence with Miss Marguerite Decker as instructor.

Mr. and Mrs. S. Morgan of Jancsville spent Saturday at the home of Wayne Wilbur's.

FAIRFIELD

Fairfield, Nov. 3.—Miss Agnes More's condition remains about the same.

Several of our townspeople attended the Bazaar given by the Baptist ladies in Durbin last week.

Miss Edna Palmerton returned home Saturday.

Mrs. Will McFarlane is ill dangerously ill.

Dr. Woodward of Racine was out on the farms Saturday and Sunday.

Mr. Sax's family have arrived and are occupying the Mr. Wilkins' house recently vacated by Henry Morris.

Frank McFarlane has a severe attack of blood-poisoning in his hand, which has necessitated his having his hand run for a few weeks.

Horace Wilkins and Miss Edith were in Elkhorn on a business trip Wednesday and saw Gov. La Follette.

Mrs. Henry Morris and son Harrold are visiting her mother Mrs. Flecht at Berlin, Wis.

D. R. Williams and James Cutter are improving their residences with paint.

Work on Hugh McCarthy's new house is progressing rapidly.

Listen! Something coming!

Aaron Thompson, Will Casper, Mrs. Campbell and son and Clifford Swan spent Saturday and Sunday at Dousman, Wis.

Chas. Robinson and Abner Chamberlain and son Floyd were in Jancsville on business one day last week.

Miss Ura Brown of Delavan spent Sunday at Abner Chamberlain's.

James Cutter and daughter Elma Dykeman spent Monday and Tuesday with Jancsville friends.

ROCK PRAIRIE

Rock Prairie, Nov. 3.—The services at the W. P. church will be held at 11 o'clock next Sabbath morning on account of communion services. The theme will be "Day-break," and the preaching at the evening will be from the subject "Continual Endurance." Services also on Saturday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

Prayer meeting Thursday at the home of Robert Barlass.

Miss Helen Menzies has returned home from a visit to Chicago and Morris, Ill.

Mrs. George Charlton of Jancsville has been visiting her brothers.

Mrs. S. Hull of Uter's Corners spent Saturday and Sunday at W. S. Halght's.

CLINTON

Clinton, Nov. 3.—Mrs. C. E. Leath and little daughter Ruth were guests of her grandmother Mrs. Anna Weaver last week Friday.

Miss Lulu Duckley visited her brother Ben and family one day last week.

J. S. Weaver and family of Sharon called on Clinton friends last Sunday.

Mrs. Wm. Vator of Black Earth, Wis., is visiting her mother and other friends since Tuesday last.

Mrs. Mary Nelson of Sharon visited her daughter Mrs. Fred Herron last week.

Mr. Snyder has moved his family into the house recently remodeled and owned by Mr. Barrett on South church street.

Mrs. Strother and granddaughter Hazel returned from Chicago Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. William Mayhew returned Wednesday from their visit with friends in the east.

ALBION

Albion, Nov. 3.—Mr. Ed. Kjolseth of Stoughton was in town Sunday.

Mr. Marshall Coon and wife of Walworth called on friends Monday.

Harold Whitford and family visited with his parents at Rock River Saturday.

Fadie Palmistr was an over-Saturday visitor and Sunday visitor at the parental home.

Mr. Sylvius Smith of Milton Junction visited relatives and friends a portion of last week.

James Nobles came from Beloit Friday to remain with his family until Monday.

Mr. Howard Clark of Milton visited his cousin Nellie Osborne Sabbath day.

K. D. Whitford and wife visited A. L. Whitford and family at Rock River Saturday.

Miss Allen, Stillman accompanied by her cousin Rollers Maxson, came from Milton Friday to remain with her parents until Sunday.

Mrs. Josephine Plumb of Oakland mesdames Tillie Plumb and Little Burleson of Sumner called on Mrs. Emma Osborne Sunday.

Saturday afternoon about three o'clock the whole community were shocked by a telephone message received from Stoughton announcing the death of Ray Burdick. The cause of his death was trying to alight from a train while yet in motion. A blow upon the head produced unconsciousness, this together with other severe injuries brought death in a few moments. Ray was 17 years, 2 months, and 6 days old. He was a pupil in the high school in Edgerton at the time of his death, this being his second year. Prof. Clark accompanied by a hundred of his pupils, some of them pupils from Ray's class were present at the funeral to pay their last tribute of love.

Prof. Clark spoke very impressively of Ray as a bright scholar of great promise, of a cheerful disposition, smile and a word for everyone, and endeared himself to all his associates and will be greatly missed. He leaves a loving father and mother, three brothers, and one sister to mourn his loss. Funeral services were held in the S. D. B. church Monday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Sermon by the pastor, Rev. T. J. Van Horn who used the comforting words of St. John 14:1, Let not your heart be troubled; ye believe in God, believe also in me. Interment was in Albion cemetery where he was laid to rest by the side of his sister who had preceded him.

A CARD.

We, the undersigned, do hereby agree to refund the money on a 50-cent bottle of Green's warranted Syrup of Tar if it fails to cure your cough or cold. We also guarantee a 25-cent bottle to prove satisfactory or money refunded.

J. P. Baker, Geo. E. King & Co.,
E. B. Helms & Co., Smith's Pharmacy,
People's Drug Co., H. E. Rousso & Co.,
Jancsville, Wis.

Queer Method of Training Pigeons.

An English farmer has been fined for tying firecrackers to pigeons. He explained to the court that letting off pigeons with live crackers attached to their legs was a common way of training them for shooting purposes.

"What's on the Carpet"

In Normandy the upper part of a hall was raised and carpeted, and the lower part was for interiors, and had no covering. The query, "What's on the carpet?" was often put to elicit what was under consideration by those on the carpet.

No Flowers.

A Ray county, Missouri, man bet \$2 that he could twist the tail of a dun-colored mule and escape unscathed. In reply to a telegram from the coroner his father, in the East, wired: "Bury the fool where he lit."—Denver Post.

AN OBJECT LESSON.

In a Restaurant.

A hysical puts the query: Have you never noticed in any large restaurant at lunch or dinner time the large number of hearty, vigorous old men at the tables; men whose ages run from sixty to eighty; many of them bald and all perhaps gray, but none of them feeble, or senile? Perhaps the spectacle is no common as to have escaped your observation or comment, but nevertheless it is an object lesson which means something.

If you will notice what these hearty old fellows are eating, you will observe that they are not munching bran crackers nor gingerly picking their way through the menu card of new fangled health foods; on the contrary they seem to prefer a juicy roast of beef, a properly turned loin of mutton, and even the deadly broiled lobster is not altogether ignored.

The point of all of this is that a vigorous old age depends upon good digestion and plenty of wholesome food and not upon dieting and an endeavor to live upon bran crackers.

There is a certain class of food cranks who seem to believe that meat, coffee and many other good things are rank poisons, but these cadaverous sickly looking individuals are a walking condemnation of their own theories.

The matter in a nutshell is that if the stomach secretes the natural digestive juices in sufficient quantities, any wholesome food will be promptly digested; if the stomach does not do so, and certain food causes distress, one or two of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets after each meal will remove all difficulty, because they supply just what every weak stomach lacks, pepsin, hydrochloric acid, diastase and aux.

Stuart's dyspepsia tablets do not act upon the bowels and in fact are not strictly a medicine, as they act almost entirely upon the food eaten, digesting it thoroughly and thus giving the stomach a much needed rest and an appetite for the next meal.

Of people who travel, nine out of ten use Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets, knowing them to be perfectly safe to use at any time and also having found out by experience that they are a safeguard against indigestion in any form, and eating as they have to all hours of the day and all kinds of food, the travelling public have for years placed their faith to Stuart's tablets.

All druggists sell them at 50c per package and any druggist from Main to California, if his opinion were asked, will say that Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets is the most popular and successful remedy for any stomach trouble.

Heavy Michigan Eleven

Coach Yost's Gridiron Warriors Average Almost 200 Pounds—Some of the "Baby Elephants"—Football Talk in Other Quarters.

One of the novelties of the football season is the remarkably heavy team of the University of Michigan. Not within memory has so uniformly weighty an aggregation represented an American college.

The teams of various of the eastern colleges have from time to time been considered heavy, but none of them has ever sent out a troop of "baby elephants" similar to those enlisted under Coach Fred Yost's colors.

Yost's team will probably average 200 pounds to the man. Think of that! Think what will happen to opposing rush lines when the Michigan mountains of bone and muscle are in form for the hard work of the campaign!

Columbia and Michigan.

The game between Columbia university and the University of Michigan:



CAPTAIN FOULKE (LEFT HALF BACK) OF PRINCETON, HURLING THE LINE.

should prove a notable contest. Columbia has one of the strongest teams in the east and should put up a hard fight against Michigan. Yost's men, however, should win the contest. They outclass Columbia in many respects.

Fred Yost's squad will give Columbia the busiest afternoon of their young lives by present indications. There are six veterans of last year's team at Ann Arbor, with new recruits of such beef and brawn that the team is expected to average 200 pounds in weight, led by Captain Heston, who carries this amount of adipose with the fleetness of a deer and the explosive effect of a twelve inch shell when it smites the rush line.

Beecher weighs 205 pounds, "Ted" Hammond is a strapping of 205 pounds, Briggs of Iowa is an 180 pound quarterback, and, among the newcomers, Graham of the North Division High school, who weighs 260 (250 pounds, when) and has lots of speed, and Forgy, 195 pounds, and Schultz, a blushing freshman who confesses to only 200 pounds in his fighting togs.

The Middies.

One of the most interesting uphill campaigns will be fought by the "middies" at Annapolis. Paul Dashiell has been placed in full control of the situation and will not depend upon college coaches to handle the practice, as here tofore. The cadets are full of fire and fury to wipe out old scores with the army, and were in practice and training through the spring term to make ready for the autumn work. The eligibility troubles with West Point are not worrying the players, who are eager for a chance to be "up and at 'em," and there is no sound reason why the navy should not turn the tide, if not this year, then a bit later, if they keep plugging away at it. Princeton's football Waterloo at the hands of Annapolis recently was a striking evidence of the stellar playing of the middies under Paul Dashiell.

Yale's Hard Luck Cry.

At Yale there are already loud and painful cries of hard luck, and facts seem to lend a color of verisimilitude to the plaint. Captain Hogan seems to be the only one of the old guard at present fully in commission, without an "if" or a "perhaps" tacked to his name. Tom Shevlin, the human battering ram, who is played at fullback,

has lost his back and must miss some of the work. Rockwell at quarter is a youth of brilliant record, but last year he was very liable to injury and must be handled with great care. Rockback, the beefy center, has proved a hopeless pupil at passing with accuracy. Bloomer is the most hopeful symptom now visible. Back of the line Bowman alone is left, and he has already thrown his shoulder out of gear.

The faculty has executed several deadly low tackles on promising football material, and young giants are piling up headaches trying to score touchdowns on "conditions" of various brands. Among these busy bees is Kinney, who is expected to down the faculty and return to the fighting line. Yale will certainly endeavor to perfect her defensive play this year as never before. The way in which De Witt played havoc with the defense of last year rankles within the bosom of the Yale coaches, and there are to be no more games lost in the last half raising moments of the contest if Walter Camp can block it by strategy, coupled with exhortation and hard work on the field.

Princeton Misses De Witt.

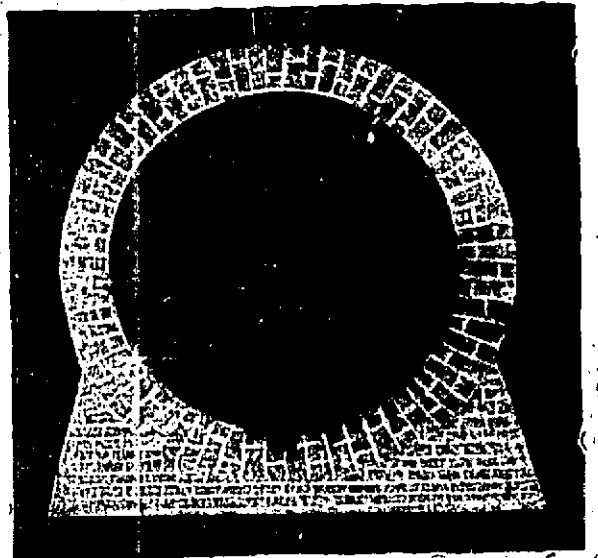
Princeton has lost her De Witt, but she won championships without him, and expects to be able to turn the trick again. The veterans are back in force. The new material has a hopeful cast and every prospect of success.

This condition is true also at Columbia, where Morley as coach is the man for the place, with good men in his squad and a promising outlook for repeating the successful season of last year.

Pennsylvania is in the throes of

The Cheapest Fuel Furnace

SAVES MONEY



LESS COST

Burns anything. Holds fire longest and not a bit of heat wasted. Bucket of coals holds fire 8 hours. Guaranteed furnace. Write for catalogue and prices.

LELAND FISKE,
Rockton, Ill.

16,000 --PEOPLE-- 16,000
DR. BREWER

Will show you the names, the record of medicines used and the results obtained of over 15,000 people treated by him.

THIS EXPERIENCE SHOULD BE WORTH SOMETHING TO THE SICK.

If you have met DR. BREWER you know him to be candid and honest in all he tells you. He never sacrifices mankind for the sake of money. He never promises to perform wonders, but to CURE ALL CURABLE DISEASES. He has had the largest experience of any doctor in the United States in the treatment of chronic diseases. DO NOT GIVE UP IF OTHER DOCTORS HAVE FAILED.

GET THE BENEFIT OF HIS EXPERIENCE FREE.

We are prepared to show successful results in treating diseases of the Liver, Heart, Lungs, Stomach, Kidneys, Brain, Nerves, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Debility, Yostitis, indigestion, Cancer, Old Sores, Tumors, Fits, Diabetes, Pains, Catarrhs, Dropsy, Consumption, Influenza, Asthma, Scrofula, Pimples, Eruptions, Humors, Blotches and diseases long standing.

ADDRESS F. B. BREWER, 1234 CHICAGO AVE., EVANSTON, ILL.

Dr. Brewer will be at the Park House, Jancsville, Wednesday, November 16

CURED WHEN OTHERS FAILED

1056 Winnetka Avenue.
Chicago, Ill., Oct. 25, 1902.

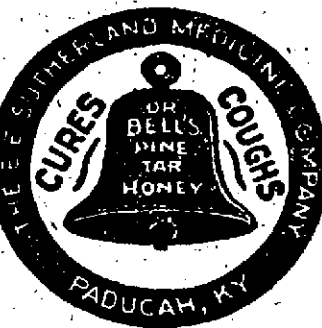
Wine of Cardui can always be relied upon to cure when everything else fails. It is a certain cure for female diseases in their worst forms. I suffered for years with ulceration. Intense pains in the womb and ovaries and dreadful headaches afflicted me for my work. Finally I grew so ill that I had to keep to my bed. The pains were so intense at times as to cause spasms and a disagreeable discharge drained my life forces. In my extremity after all else had failed, I tried Wine of Cardui. After using it for two weeks I began to improve so rapidly that I felt encouraged to keep up the treatment, which I did for eighteen weeks, but at the end of that time I was entirely cured. What a relief was mine and how new and beautiful life looked to me when my health was restored. Only those who have passed through such a siege of sickness as I have will understand how much I value Wine of Cardui. It is indeed a boon to sick women.

Frances Mitchell
Secretary, North Chicago Women's Club.

Every weak woman needs Wine of Cardui. Wine of Cardui cures disordered and painful menstruation, periodical headaches, falling of the womb and leucorrhoea. It cures extreme cases of these troubles. It strengthens girls approaching womanhood, helps bring children to barren homes, makes pregnancy and childbirth easier, prevents miscarriages and is the best medicine ever made for use during the change of life. Why permit the good women in your home to suffer another day? Every druggist has \$1.00 bottles of Wine of Cardui.

WINE OF CARDUI

Gazette Want Ads bring results



Upon Every Bottle

and wrapper of the genuine Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey is printed the above design. It is both trade-mark and guarantee—a warrant that the medicine contained in the bottle will cure coughs, colds and all lung, throat and chest troubles more quickly and effectually than any other remedy.

Dr. Bell's PINE-TAR-HONEY

Is sold by all druggists or sent upon receipt of price—25c, 50c and \$1.00 per bottle—by THE E. E. SUTHERLAND MEDICINE CO. PADUCAH, KENTUCKY.

FOR SALE BY BADGER DRUG CO.

If you want to know a good road take the

New Line TO ST. LOUIS

A day and a night train each way, every day, between Chicago and the World's Fair City. Brand new chair, club-room (no extra charge), dining, parlor, observation and sleeping cars with every modern convenience.

The lowest rates prevail. Trains leave Chicago from the new La Salle Street Station (on the elevated loop).

Be sure your local agent makes your ticket read via this line and you will enjoy every mile of the short trip.

FRISCO SYSTEM

Chicago & East on Illinois R. R.

OFFENSIVE CATARRH

I suffered for a long time with a bad case of Catarrh, and took a great deal of medicine without any benefit.

I had a continual headache, my cheeks had grown purple, my nose was always stopped, my breath had a sickening and disgusting odor, and I coughed incessantly.

I heard of your S. S. S. and wrote you. I commenced to use it, and after taking several bottles I was cured and have never since had the slightest symptom of the disease.

MISS MARY L. STORM.
Cor. 7th & Felix Sts., St. Joseph, Mo.

Wheeling, W. Va., May 29, 1903.

I had Nasal Catarrh for years for which I used S. S. S. with very gratifying results. I tried local applications for some time, and getting no permanent relief I came to the conclusion that the seat of the trouble was in the blood. Knowing S. S. S. to be a good blood medicine I began its use, and after using it for some little while it did away entirely with the offensive mucus in the nostrils, and I did not have to hawk and spit, especially in the morning, to dislodge the catarrhal matter.

1679 South St. FRED H. PRESSY.

The filthy secretions and foul mucus that are continually dropping back into the throat, and find their way into the stomach and are absorbed into the blood, Catarrh then becomes constitutional, and the only way to get rid of it is through the blood. Write us if you have Catarrh, and our physicians will advise you without charge.

SSS
The Swift Specific Company, Atlanta, Ga.

ALLEN'S LUNG BALSAM
CURES DEEP SEATED COUGHS

Buy it in Jancsville.

LADIES. DR. LAFRANCO'S COMPOUND.
Safe, purely vegetable, non-toxic, drugless remedy for all female ailments. Sold by all druggists. Price 25c per bottle. Write for free literature. DR. LAFRANCO, Philadelphia, Pa.

INDIANA IS IN THE BAND WAGON

LEGISLATURE FOR THE G. O. P.

Make-Up of the General Assembly Insures the Election of Successors to the Present Senators From Their Own Party.

Indianapolis, Ind., Nov. 9.—Indiana is Republican by at least 50,000. The state ticket is elected, together with ten and probably eleven congressmen. The election was for a full state ticket, including governor down to township trustees, thirteen congressmen and a legislature which will elect successors to Senators Fairbanks and Beveridge. The vote was heavy throughout the state and many arrests for illegal voting were made.

The Socialists were particularly active in Evansville, Anderson, Terre Haute and Fort Wayne and at one time it looked as if the prohibitionists would be able to defeat the Republican nominees for the legislature in Parke county by voting for the Democratic candidate. The Quakers are reported to have voted the prohibition ticket. In St. Joseph county the foreigners voted for Roosevelt and the Democratic state ticket, and the Socialists everywhere polled a larger vote than any one supposed they would. The prohibitionists in St. Joseph county aided the Democratic candidates for the legislature and as the result the Democrats expect a portion of the county ticket.

Miners Vote for Roosevelt.
News from Clay county does not throw much light on the conditions there. Miners, it is asserted, voted for Roosevelt, and Kern, and made a bitter fight against the Republican nominee for the legislature who got into a mix-up with the labor unions of that county. The Good Citizens' league was very active in Brazil. One old man in Henry county walked seventeen miles to vote for Roosevelt. His first vote was for Gen. Fremont.

In some places the contest was very fierce and there were several shooting affairs during the day. Several men claiming to be Republicans were arrested in Madison county, charged with attempting to vote illegally, while several Democrats were arrested in Indianapolis for illegal voting. In Rush county, where there was a determined fight to defeat Griffin, the Republican nominee for representative, there was considerable excitement early in the morning and by noon more than half of the county vote was in.

Information received at Republican headquarters indicates the Republicans will control the general assembly by a majority of 30 or 40 in joint ballot.

Republicans Make Gains.
In the rural or farming section of the state as distinguished from the mining sections and the manufacturing centers the Republicans seem also to have made very substantial gains, and it is evident from the returns at hand that the party will control the legislature on joint ballot by from 30 to 40 votes, thus re-electing Senator Beveridge and a successor to United States Senator Fairbanks. The return of nine Republican congressmen is certainly assured and it is possible that they may have elected their candidate in the Twelfth district. The gains, however, in Allen and other counties in that district are not as pronounced for the Republicans as in the southern part of the state, where only large majorities have saved the Democratic candidates in the Second, Third and Fourth congressional districts. Both parties are claiming the Twelfth district, but so far the counter-reporting does not indicate that it has gone Republican.

Youth Kills His Friend.
Ashland, Ohio, Nov. 9.—Frank Miller, living near Red Hawk, Ashland county, was killed by the accidental explosion of a shotgun in the hands of a friend, Robert Campbell. The boys with a number of others were attending an old-fashioned "belling."

Steel Plant Burns.
New Castle, Ind., Nov. 9.—The plant of the Chicago Steel company burned. Loss, \$100,000; insurance, \$34,000. The plant covered one acre. Ten carloads of finished material burned. One hundred men are idle.

Mexico Favors Arbitration.
Washington, Nov. 9.—The secretary of state has received word from the Mexican government of its willingness and readiness to enter into a treaty of arbitration with this government.

Overdue Steamer Arrives.
San Francisco, Nov. 9.—The long overdue French bark Notre Dame d'Arvor arrived off San Francisco harbor from Newcastle, Australia, with a cargo of coal.

Freight Engineer Is Injured.
Kenia, Ohio, Nov. 9.—James Williams, a freight engineer on the Pennsylvania road, was fatally injured in a collision with a car of lumber.

Four Die in Fire.
Houston, Texas, Nov. 9.—The Silver Queen hotel, in the Sour Lake oil field, was destroyed by fire and four persons were burned to death.

Good in Advice.
Advice always does some good: The one who gives it usually feels a sublime and beautiful satisfaction.

Boy Guilty of Les Majeste.
Berlin, Nov. 9.—A 13-year-old Polish boy has been sentenced to three months' imprisonment for lese majeste at Lissa, province of Posen. While at school, in conversation with other boys, he is alleged to have condemned the neutrality of Germany in the far Eastern war.

DENEEN IS THE CHOICE IN ILLINOIS

(Continued from Page 1.)

Rhode Island—Returns are late coming in. Roosevelt is in the lead and will carry the state. The issue of the fight for governor is in doubt.

South Dakota—Republican plurality of more than 40,000 estimated from incomplete returns.

South Carolina—Democratic plurality of 40,000. State solidly Democratic. Democratic congressmen all elected.

Tennessee—Democratic majority, 25,000. Democratic state officers elected. Two Republican and eight Democratic congressmen chosen.

Texas—Democratic majority, 125,000. Party elects full congressional ticket.

Utah—Democratic managers concede state has gone for Roosevelt by 8,000 plurality.

Vermont—Republican majority, 31,000. No state ticket.

Virginia—25,000 Democratic majority. One Republican and nine Democratic congressmen chosen.

West Virginia—The home state of H. G. Davis, candidate for second place on the Parker ticket, is Republican by 10,000. The Democrats have made gains, however.

Wisconsin—Roosevelt is conceded to have carried Wisconsin by at least 50,000. Gov. La Follette has been re-elected, but his plurality is greatly reduced by the popularity of the Democratic candidate, G. W. Peck, and the prevalence of the "stultw" Republican ticket.

Wyoming—Wyoming goes Republican by a plurality of about 7,000. The contest for governor between Brooks (Rep.) and Osborne (Dem.) is close.

PRESIDENT UTTERS PLEDGE TO THE PEOPLE

Considers That He Has Served One Term, and Promises He Will Not Again Be Candidate.

Washington, Nov. 9.—President Roosevelt Tuesday night made the following statement:

"I am deeply sensible of the honor done me by the American people in thus expressing their confidence in what I have done and have tried to do. I appreciate to the full the solemn responsibility this confidence imposes upon me, and I shall do all that in my power lies not to forfeit it.

"On the fourth of March next I shall have served three and a half years, and this three and a half years constitutes my first term.

"The wise custom which limits the president to two terms regards the substance and not the form, and under no circumstances will I be a candidate for or accept another nomination."

EXPLAINS POSITION OF MINERS

Secretary Ryan Talks of Dispute With the Engineers.

Springfield, Ill., Nov. 9.—W. D. Ryan, state secretary-treasurer of the United Mineworkers of America, left Tuesday evening for San Francisco to attend the annual convention of the American Federation of Labor. Before he left he issued a statement to local unions of miners in the state regarding the attitude of the miners in the controversy between the operators and the holding engineers.

He said that last spring the miners of Illinois were forced by a majority vote of the organization to refrain from striking to prevent a reduction of wages and that the executive board of the miners could not consistently sit idly by now and see members of the miners' union remain idle and, to all purposes and intents, practically on strike, to prevent the engineers from receiving the same reduction that the miners had been compelled to accept. The engineers, Mr. Ryan says, have had no standing in any other state than Illinois.

MUNCIE SLAYER CONFESSES

Fatally Injured, He Assumes Guilt of Halloween Murder.

Muncie, Ind., Nov. 9.—The terrific battle in the streets between four men on Halloween night has resulted in one death and another is expected, as the second man found injured after the masks had been removed, can live but a few days. Charles Jester, who was found with his skull crushed a few days ago, is dead. His slayer, Charles Miller, who, it is believed, will also die, made a confession in jail. He claimed the feud was one of old standing and that both parties were on masquerade. The fight was witnessed by more than a hundred citizens, but the police were thwarted in capturing any of the participants owing to their disguises. The two worst injured men were discovered later.

American Sailor Loses Uniform.

An American man-of-war's man, ashore at Gravesend, near London, awoke one morning to find himself attired in the uniform of a British soldier. No sooner had he wandered out into the street than a policeman stopped him and told him to button up his tunic or he would be taken to barracks. He sought refuge in a police station, where it was discovered that a deserter had changed clothes with him while he slept.

To Utilize the Shark.

The shark, which is so abundant in the waters of Central America, is to be utilized in commercial products. A company has been formed which converts sharks' fins into jolly and tinny soup makes fine machinery, oil from their livers, handsome leather, equal to alligator's, from their skins, walking sticks from their backbones, and numerous articles from their jawbones and teeth.

REPUBLICANS SWEEP COUNTRY

ENTIRE STATE TICKET WINS

Democratic Membership in the General Assembly Reduced—Socialist Vote Is the One Big Surprise of the Day.

Springfield, Ill., Nov. 9.—Roosevelt and Fairbanks carried Illinois in the election Tuesday by about 225,000 plurality over Parker and Davis.

The entire Republican state ticket is elected by overwhelming pluralities. Republicans elected certainly twenty-one and possibly twenty-three of the twenty-five congressmen.

The next state senate will stand thirty-nine Republicans to twelve Democrats.

There will be ninety Republicans, sixty-two Democrats, and one Prohibitionist in the house in the next general assembly, according to incomplete returns.

It was the greatest political landslide ever known in the history of Illinois. McKinley carried Cook county by 59,913 in 1896, and by 17,567 in 1900. Roosevelt's plurality in the city of Chicago alone was 103,818, according to the police returns.

The returns from Cook county outside the city will increase this by from 12,000 to 15,000.

The Republican plurality in the rest of the state may reach 125,000, making a total of nearly 250,000.

Debs Polls Big Vote.

The incompleteness of the returns makes it impossible to give a closer estimate. The Democratic strength seemed to be a negligible quantity. In some places Debs' vote was larger than Parker's. In Kewanee, for instance, Debs had 450 to 370 for Parker.

In every county in the state there was a Republican gain and a Democratic loss, as compared with the vote in 1896 and 1900. Rock-ribbed Democratic counties like Tazewell, Macomb, Shelby and others gave pluralities for Roosevelt.

McKinley carried the state by 141,517 in 1896 and by 94,324 in 1900. There need be no surprise if Roosevelt's plurality this year approximates 250,000.

Congressional Changes.

Congressional districts showed wonderful changes. The Fourth district, always safely Democratic by about 8,000, is in doubt, and the small returns received indicate the election of the Republican candidate for Congress.

The Fifth district, also a Democratic stronghold, is doubtful, and the final returns may show a Republican elected.

In the Fourth district, Patrick J. McShane, Republican, is elected. The only falling off was in the Perla district, where it seems that J. D. Putnam is defeated.

There were gains in other districts that more than make up this loss.

In the Twenty-first district, supposed to be carried in the vest pocket of Ben F. Caldwell, the returns indicate the election of Zeno J. Rives of Litchfield (Rep.), and that, too, in spite of the factional fight among the Republicans in Sangamon county.

Martin B. Madden, in the First, and William Lorimer, in the Sixth district, are both elected by handsome majorities.

Bryanites Stand Aloof.

It was evident that the Bryan Democrats either did not vote or that they voted by the thousands for Roosevelt. The gold Democrats of four and eight years ago seem to have remained with the Republican party.

A surprise of the election was the large vote polled by the Socialists. In Cook county incomplete returns indicate that Debs received about 50,000 votes. In some towns in the state Debs got more votes than Parker.

The indications are that Vinit, Socialist candidate for the legislature from the Thirtieth district, which includes the large manufacturing district in South Chicago, may be elected.

The Rich Northwest.

All the rich domain northwest of the Ohio was secured to the Republic at the Peace in 1783 in consequence of the prowess of George Rogers Clark, a soldier. In 1905 a \$4,000,000 exposition will be given at Portland, Oregon, in honor of Lieut. William Clarke and Capt. Merewether Lewis, who, with thirty American soldiers, explored the west as far as the Pacific coast. Most of their journey was through a wilderness never before trodden by white men. Before leaving the west it is recorded that they gave "certificates of kindness" to the Indian chiefs. The Lewis and Clarke centennial will commemorate the acquisition of the only territory possessed by the United States the title to which was obtained by discovery.

Nothing Serious.

Simon Ford chanced to meet one day last week an acquaintance of his who had moved up to his summer residence near Bronx Park. Mr. Ford noticed his friend did not appear in the best of condition, and inquired after his health.

"Oh," was the reply, "I have just a little cold."

"Nothing serious, I trust," said Mr. Ford.

"Not at all."

"I understand," said Mr. Ford, "merely a slight bronchial affection."

—New York Times.

Lucky Orange Blossoms.

Orange blossoms, associated with religion by being originally brought from the Holy Land by Crusaders, have a good luck significance as well—that of prosperity. And no bride can get too many of those symbols on!

GOLD OF KING SOLOMON.

Said by Historians to Have Been Obtained from the Mines of Rhodesia.

We read in the Books of Chronicles a great deal about the enormous quantities of gold received by King David and King Solomon and their people. We are told how the temple was "overlaid with fine gold," and even the nails weighed "50 shekels of gold;" how the princes of the tribes of Israel and others "gave for the service of the House of God gold of 5,000 talents;" and how Hiram of Tyre's sailors "went with the servants of Solomon to Ophir and took thence 450 talents of gold and brought them to King Solomon."

In many cases, says the St. Paul Globe, exact details of the quantity and value of these gold shipments are given in the Books of Chronicles, and a careful perusal of them will show that during the 23 years ending 922 B. C. gold to the value of at least \$510,000,000 was received by Kings David and Solomon and their subjects. This estimate has been made by Prof. A. H. Keane and other distinguished authorities.

Where did this vast quantity of gold come from?

The researches recently made by Prof. Keane, Mr. Theodore Bent and others prove that "Ophir" was not the source, but merely the distributing center on the coast of southern Arabia for the gold brought from "Havilah," and further that the "Havilah" of ancient historians was the "empire of Monomotapa" of the old Portuguese voyagers. That is to say, it is simply the vast mineralized region in Africa situated between the lower Zambesi and the Limpopo—the southern Rhodesia of today.

Practically all the mines now being worked in Rhodesia were worked by Solomon's miners. The thousands of adventurers who flocked there after Cecil Rhodes opened up the country are simply continuing the work begun during the Hymyarite and Phoenician occupation of the territory—a period included probably between the fifteenth and nineteenth centuries before the Christian era.

Frank Johnson, who commanded the first pioneer expedition into Rhodesia, and who has had great experience in gold mining there, recently made an estimate of the amount of gold extracted by the ancients from the country.

He took 1,000 typical claims which he had worked and ascertained the value of the lode extracted by their modern successors in the same extent of working. Then he assumed that the percentage of gold obtained by the Hymyarites was equal in value—it was probably worth more. By this means he arrived at the conclusion that nearly 16,000,000 ounces of gold, worth between \$300,000,000 and \$400,000,000, were taken from the mines for Solomon and David.

"I have the utmost respect and admiration for the prospecting and mining abilities of our Hymyarite predecessors," said Mr. Johnson. "I am not prepared to suggest that there are no valuable properties in the country untried by them, but I know, as a result of 11 years' development, that no reef has been turned into a promising mine that does not carry evidence of their work."

RELIGION RUINED BONNET.

Emeline Thought Sister Prior Was Excusable Under the Circumstances.

An old colored mammy, who had served the mistress of a Baltimore family many years, was telling that lady's daughter some of her own personal experiences in her younger days, relates the Baltimore Sun. Mammy was known as "Auntie Prior" to the household and as "Sis Prior" to fellow-negroes on the plantation. She had a small grudge against one Emeline Dorsey, a fellow servant, but bided her time for revenge. The opportunity came when Emeline appeared at meeting in a new Easter bonnet, and Sis Prior, catching a glimpse of it, seated herself directly behind the wearer in the church.

Every time the speaker paused in his address, Sis Prior uttered a fervent "Amen!" By degrees she began to rock backward and forward, and finally the spirit moved her to lay violent hands upon theinery adorning Emeline Dorsey's head.

"I just grabbed that hat off that deceitful nigger's head," she told her hearer, "and tramped it and tramped it, and all the girls yelled 'Emeline. Emeline. Look what she do to your bonnet!' And Emeline say, 'I guess I have to excuse Sis Prior; she done got religion and don't know what she's doing,' but," said this arch hypocrite, with a quiet chuckle, "Sis Prior done knew mighty well what she was doing."

British Jam Invades France.

The entente cordiale, and no mistake! At a restaurant in Paris the other day I noticed upon the menu at the restaurant where I was dining, these two words: "Le Dundee." At the witching moment the waiter advanced with a smile of suppressed triumph. "Le Dundee," he murmured insinuatingly, and helped me to two large tablespoonsful of my old friend, Scotch marmalade. Everybody in Paris to-day eats marmalade, but at dinner, and in place of a sweet, without bread.—Gentleman.

Facial Furrow.

Mr. Billson, between whose lower lip and chin there was an unusually deep wrinkle, spoke impatiently to the barber.

"Haven't you got my face shaved yet?" he asked.

"Not quite, sir," said the barber, apologetically. "I haven't dug your ditch yet."—Chicago Tribune.

Glass Bricks for Building.

Glass houses of a very substantial kind can be built now. Silician glass makers are turning out glass bricks for all sorts of building purposes.

HOAR'S WAYS

"On the strength of a distorted account of a run-in which the late Senator Hoar had with a Washington street car conductor a great many entirely baseless stories gained currency which sought to show that the noted Massachusetts statesman possessed a peevish disposition and an acrid tongue. Nothing could have been further from the truth. Senator Hoar was a civil, courteous, patient and considerate old gentleman to the very last day of his residence in Washington. There are innumerable well-authenticated stories to prove this.

One forenoon, a year ago last spring, Senator Hoar sent in his card to a bureau chief—since resigned—who during his short career in Washington was noted for a sort of insouciance that bordered on bad manners. The messenger conducted the Massachusetts senator to the bureau chief's sumptuously appointed office. The bureau chief sat at his desk, facing the door; but he never raised his head when the senator entered nor responded to the latter's "Good morning." The bureau chief went right ahead with his writing. The senator halted about ten feet in front of the desk, and stood waiting for the bureau chief to give some indication that he understood that he was not entirely alone in the room. But the bureau chief went on writing. Three or four minutes passed thus, the old senator patiently shifting from one foot to the other.

Then the senator advanced to the desk, a huge double affair, and pulled a chair up to the side of the desk facing the bureau chief. Senator Hoar picked up a pen and a block of writing paper and began to write.

It was only then that the bureau chief looked up from his papers and over at the senator on the other side of the desk.

"By the way, senator," he said, leaning back in his revolving chair, "about that little matter that you submitted to the department awhile ago, well—"

"Oh, never mind," calmly interrupted the senator. "It's rather an irksome case. I am going to see the secretary about that little matter as soon as I finish these few letters."

The bureau chief flushed and bent over his desk again. The senator went calmly ahead at his correspondence for about a quarter of an hour, when he touched the button at the side of the desk he was sitting at and summoned the messenger.

"Be so good as to take my card to the secretary," he said to the messenger, and the messenger went out.

The secretary's office was only two doors down the hall. In less than a minute the bureau chief's door was thrown open and the secretary himself plunged in, both hands extended toward the senator, who was still seated at the desk.

"Why, the top of the morning to you, senator!" cordially exclaimed the secretary, gripping Mr. Hoar by both hands. "You're just the man I want to have a long talk with. Messenger," addressing the waiting black man, "tell the rest of the folks waiting to see me that I'll be busy for the next hour or so," and he conducted Senator Hoar to the holy of holies.

Something like an hour later, after the senator's departure from the private office of the secretary, the bureau chief was summoned by the secretary.

"An' he dun look lak fo' cents' wint o' dog meat w'en he all come out o' de sectary's office," was the comment of one of the black messengers stationed in the corridor.

There is another story, also having to do with a departmental chief, which shows how exceedingly patient Senator Hoar could be up to a certain snapping point.

He called at the office of this departmental official—now out of service, too—little after the hour of noon one day. The official was noted during his regime for his vast capacity for food. When the senator was ushered into the official's room on this occasion a big food tray covered the latter's desk.

"Just taking a bite," said the official, his mouth filled with tongue sandwich.

"Be through directly. Have a seat, senator."

The senator replied that he'd call at another hour on another day, and took his departure.

He returned on the following day, at two o'clock in the afternoon. The official was sawing away at a stack of lamb chops garnished with lyonnaise potatoes, coffee on the side, spread all over his desk.

"Another bite?" said the senator, whose business with the department was urgent.

He went again, saying that he'd return on another day.

On the next day the senator was back at the department again, this time at three o'clock. He found the official in the enjoyment of a little snack comprising such staying dainties as sandwiches, eclairs, pieces of pie and cheese, slabs of cake and tea. The old senator looked the layout over out of the tail of his eye, and shook his head in a puzzled sort of way.

"Well, I'm going to wait till you get through this time, Mr. Blank," he said, and he sunk into a deep leather chair and watched the official devour food as if fascinated by the spectacle.

"Well," the official started to say, after he had leisurely finished his repast, "shall we take up that matter—"

"No," interrupted the senator, "we'd better not, now. I'll send my young man around to see you and let him get that matter untangled, if he can. Maybe he'll be able, with his youth still upon him, to stand seeing you introduce those hundred weights of peculiar provender into your internal economy, but I am not equal to it!"

—Washington Star.

First Street Lighting.

In 1697 the New York state council ordered householders to hang out lanterns—the first street lighting in America.

The Lowell Co.

South River Street.

Grocery Prices. Working Shirts 37c

New Santa Clara Prunes, lb. 5c
Richelleu Macaroni, pkg. 10c
German Egg Noodles, pkg. 15c
Vermicelli, pkg. 15c
Catsup, good, strong, bottle 5c
Van Camp's Soups, 10c
New Large Smoked Bloat-

We have purchased 100 dozen men's regular standard 50c work shirts, all colors, light or dark, white or black, cleaning up the entire stock of H. Rosenblatt & Sons' Beloit factory. This is a much larger quantity than is usually bought by Janesville merchants, but in so doing we secured them at a low price.

Regular Standard 50 Cent Shirts 37 cents or 3 Shirts for

\$1.00

Phone us at once engaging one or more pounds of the Crawford Cheese which will be cut when all is sold.

A Man Is In "Hard Luck"

Indeed, If He Has A Wife

Who "never reads the ads," and who does her shopping in comparative ignorance of what things should cost.

J.M. BOSTWICK & SONS.

Knitted Elder Cloth

We wish to direct your attention to the new Elder Cloth made especially for both robes, sacques, children's cloaks, &c. It is a knitted fabric with an elder-down surface, thick but downy, and will not rough up. This beautiful material we show in plain colors and lovely fancy styles in great variety. See it in the domestic department. Width 27 inch; price 25c.

INTERLINING

A new idea in interlining that is meeting with much favor is an all wool material with a fine fleecy surface, knitted back, and will not bunch up. It is very light but adds much warmth to a garment. Can be seen at lining counter. 72 inch, 60c.

The Cloaks at \$4.48 and \$5.48

should be seen by every woman looking for something extra good at a small price. They are actually worth \$10 to \$20. We have sold them freely, but want to sell them faster as we need the room. They would not last a week if people knew their real worth. While we offer these cloaks at only \$4.48 and \$5.48 it does not mean that they are "off styles." One can see hundreds of cloaks worn on the street that do not compare to these for style.

Underwear at 19c and 39c

Look at the great bargains in Underwear on large table in south store. Vests, Pants, Union Suits, odd lots, broken sizes that have been sold at 50c to \$1.50, many being all wool.

It's an opportunity. We have enough to hold out for two weeks rapid selling.